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## WHERE EAST AND WEST MEET.

(Continued from Page 1.)

### A Solid Basis.

"The research of the Institute has been placed on a solid basis with the formation of an International Research Committee and the creation of a large research fund. National research committees are at work upon a co-ordinated three year programme of research in six of the seven member group. The collaboration of research men and institutions outside of the Institute has been secured, and the results of their investigations upon subjects relevant to the programme have been made available. An 80-page monthly journal, *Pacific Affairs*, adapted to the requirements of the student of the problems of this area, has been developed. A temporary headquarters building has been secured. The beginnings of a specialised library and information file have been made.

"The personnel of the secretariat has been increased to include associate general secretaries from China and Japan, a librarian and an office manager. All of the national groups have been visited by the secretariat. The helpful co-operation of members of the Secretariats of the League of Nations and the International Labour Office has been secured.

"First steps toward the participation in the Institute of representatives from Russia, Mexico, France, and Holland have been made. The beginnings of an international budget to which all the national councils are contributing have been started.

### Co-Operative Effort.

"The I.P.R. has already evidenced certain distinguishing characteristics such as the discovery that by working together upon a common task men are drawn near together in sympathies and understanding. This is a by-product of the international research programme that has been started. Experts in eight countries are working together upon various aspects of common problems, such as food and population, land utilization, international loans, industrialization, trade, and cultural adjustments. Out of this co-operative effort comes the realization of a solidarity of interests among the peoples of the fact that the problem of the nation is the problem of all.

"This was well illustrated at the 1927 conference on the discussions of the food and population situation in Japan. Also from such co-operation the experience of each group in any of the fields under investigation is made available for all. The Institute is showing the interdependence of its members as national groups.

"It is true that the contrasts in race, philosophy, social institutions, government, and religion that exist in the Pacific area present problems of adjustment and of synthesis to challenge the earnest efforts of experts in each country. But in this variety of ideals and in the various ways of life also lies the hope of the Pacific future. The Pacific area from this viewpoint is conceived as a neighbourhood or community composed of different folk with different ways of looking at life, various opinions, and individual faces.

### Social Customs.

"By the same token it is reasonable to look on the differences in philosophy, in temperament, in social customs and aesthetic values as priceless sources of enrichment to the life of the neighbourhood. The I.P.R. does not propose to iron out these differences nor to facilitate the process of domination on the part of any one culture pattern over the rest, but rather does it hope to make the contribution of each available and serviceable to all.

"It believes that two types of culture developing separately for many ages are each essential to the other if each is to present a balanced and stable entity. The forces and practicality and impetuosity and individualism of the West must be supplemented by the self-control, dignity, and family solidarity of the East. Both civilizations contain within themselves the seeds of decay because they are not supplemented by the distinctive values of the other.

"The I.P.R. is discussing and researching upon problems between the nations for which the only historic solution has been war. We must realize that new tribunals have appeared for the measurement of national problems and policies. Science, the laboratory, economic theories are accepted in all the countries around the Pacific. They speak a common language on the basis of a logic that is inexorable, and that makes possible a universal appeal to reason which was absent until very recent times. It is not sentiment or patriotism alone that is invoked to-day in the capitals of the world but data, facts and figures.

(Continued at foot of next column).

## STAGE BEAUTY ARRESTED. RECEIVED THREE PROPOSALS A WEEK.

Miss Truly Shattuck, a theatrical star who was well known as one of the leading beauties of the British and American stage a generation ago, has been taken in custody at Chicago following the disappearance of a frock valued at \$3.50 from a local shop.

Miss Shattuck, who is fifty-four years of age, is quoted as saying, "I needed work so badly. Oh, the shame of it! What a position for one who has shaken hands with a king."

She explained that she was out of work and the rent of her room in a lodging house was overdue. Her music-hall skit with which she had been touring the country came to the end of its books several months ago, since when she had worked as a waitress and later as a seamstress.

Then she lost her job, and vainly sought other work. She was too proud to appeal to her friends for assistance, but one of them, a Chicago restaurant owner, heard of her plight, and went bail for her after she had been taken in custody.

Miss Truly Shattuck, who was born in California, appeared in London in several productions, including the Drury Lane pantomime of 1903, and was popular on the music-hall stage. She once declared that for several years she had received proposals of marriage on an average of one every forty-eight hours.

Question at Bow County Court: Are you married? Woman: Yes, they are useful to pay the bills.

North London women: She boiled some water and threw it over me. Go and ask the neighbours.

"Out of both discussion and research valuable data appears as material for general and specialized information. Thus the process goes on, conference stimulating research, research strengthening discussion and providing new data for progressive conference work while the findings of both create a basis for better understanding on the part of all concerned.

### Opposite Convictions.

"The conference is not a place where unanimity of opinion is primarily sought. Rather it is a forum for the expression of divergent opinions backed by individual experience and by conviction based on an understanding of facts pertinent to the problem. The process brings out opposite convictions based sometimes on supplementary data, but as often upon different interpretations of the same data.

"The round table provides a clearing house for the data, the exchange of all varieties of experience and the comprehension by each of the reasons for different interpretations of similar data. It also provides a place for the challenging of inaccurate or irrelevant data.

"The conference is not a place to promote propaganda, to air grievances, to further nationalistic aims or to vindicate national policies. The conception of the round table as an opportunity for one group to match strength against another or as a place where any group is to be placed on the defensive is foreign to the spirit of the Institute.

"The unconscious assumption of superiority is a lively peril in a meeting of the representatives of the great national, cultural, and racial groups. Essential to smooth co-operation in any enterprise of this kind is the recognition that contributions to its work may differ in kind; that large gifts of money may be honourably matched by offerings of time, personality and brains. The Western members of the Institute will do well to bear constantly in mind the serious handicap which the Eastern members have accepted in working with foreign tools of language, organization, technique and approach to the great issues which they have agreed to discuss and study.

"This third meeting of the Institute will test the soundness of the organization as it has not yet been tested. It will prove whether the movement is ready to leave the quiet cradle in which it has been nurtured and is sturdy enough to encounter the buffeting of a realistic and disillusioned world.

It will demonstrate whether questions of vital concern to the honour and welfare of great peoples can be put to the test of objective discussion. It will challenge the participants to the exercise of their imagination, self-control, and respect for one another as well as for scientific data. A new technique of reaching international understanding is on trial here in these succeeding days. Honolulu has pointed the way. Can you pick up the trail?"

## THE UNWED BRIDE.

### MEDICAL REPORT.

#### VICTIM OF DELUSIONS.

Dr. Norman C. Rogers, of St. John's Wood Road, N.W., who was implicated in the Hull bride "mystery case," recently reported in our columns, has been shown to be entirely ignorant of the affair which caused so much sensation, and he had no part in the tangled romance. A new turn was given to the mystery by the issue of the following medical report:—

"In my opinion Miss Doris Richardson, of Bergsford Avenue, Hull, is suffering from systematized delusional insanity, or paranoia, and has not been responsible for her recent actions. This state of mind has been brought about by worry over the ill-health of her parents during the last three years.—Dr. F. Yuille, M.D."

The mystery arose in consequence of an announcement made in Hull to the effect that Miss Richardson was detained in London by the serious condition of her husband, "Dr. Norman Rogers," and could not, therefore, attend the funeral of her father. A further report stated that the "bride," Miss Richardson, shortly after the death of her father, was bereaved of her husband, who died following a motor-car accident in Golders Green.

### Doctor's Surprise.

Inquiries were made, and it was ascertained that Dr. Norman C. Rogers, of St. John's Wood Road, London, was the only registered medical practitioner of that name, and that he did not know Miss Richardson, and was, in fact, already married. When Miss Richardson, who, in the meantime, had arrived home in Hull, was asked to explain this she faints.

A member of the family stated that the immediate relatives of Miss Richardson were extremely distressed at the annoyance caused to Dr. Rogers, and that a letter expressing the regret of the family would be sent to him immediately. The medical diagnosis of Miss Richardson was read to Dr. Rogers at his surgery. He said:—

"As far as I am concerned in this matter, that does not go quite far enough. As a public man I think it is only right that I should demand a statement signed and published by Miss Richardson, making it quite clear that she has never met me or had anything to do with me."

"I think that is due, not merely to me, but also to my wife, who has suffered terribly through this unhappy business."

"She was told in the first place that I had been killed, and the shock she received was naturally terrific."

"However, the matter is in the hands of my solicitors, and I can only hope that Miss Richardson and her people will meet my wishes in this matter."

Paranoia, according to "Black's Medical Dictionary," is the term applied to a form of fixed delusional insanity in which the delusions, usually of persecution, all centre round some perverted idea and have an important bearing on the patient's actions. Many paranoiac persons are able to go about freely and transact business with which their delusions do not interfere, and are regarded simply as eccentric persons.

Miss Doris Richardson subsequently signed a statement that she had never met or had any communication with, or from, Dr. Norman C. Rogers, of St. John's Wood Road, London, and had never at any time made reference to his address. The statement was witnessed by Dr. D. F. Yuille.



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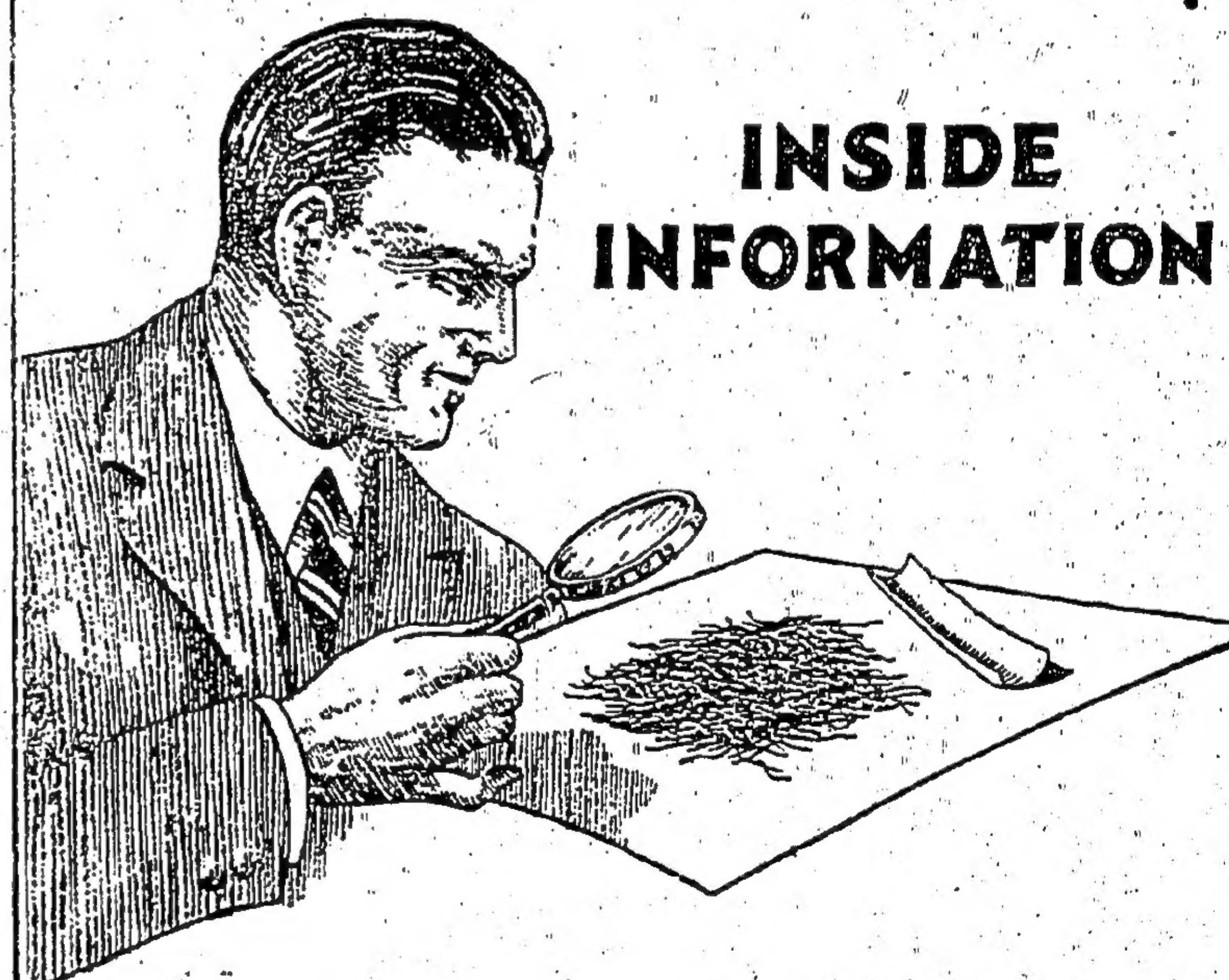
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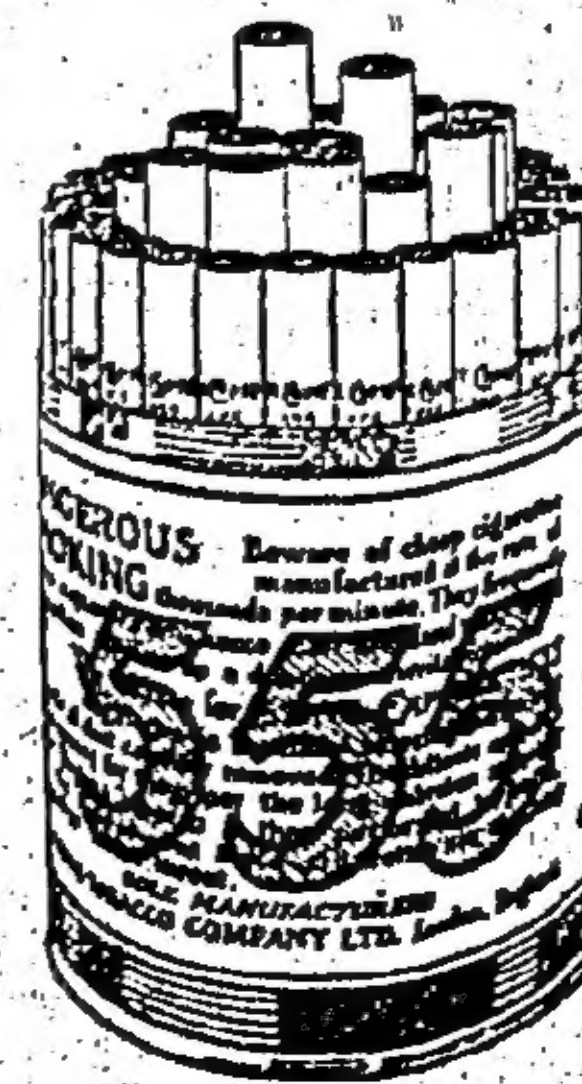
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## HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

Jim: "What's become of young Smiffy and his money?" Tim: "The young fool's been playing ducks and drakes with it." "Indeed, how?" "Put it into a poultry farm."

Maud: "Is there much competition in your office?" Ina: "Rather—between the mirror and the clock."

Visitor: "You haven't got half as nice a cemetery here as we have in our town. Prominent Citizen: "No, I've always heard that the cemetery is the only part of your town that holds out any inducements for permanent residents!"

Customer: "Give me a comb without your tooth." Clerk: "What on earth do you mean?" "One whose teeth won't fall out."

"How is your little girl getting on with her music?" "First rate. My neighbours are beginning to speak to me again."

"Have you any references?" "Yes, ma'am, a lot of 'em." "Then, why didn't you bring them with you?" "They're just like my photographs, ma'am. None of 'em does me justice!"

"Yes, he had a pleasant job, but he resigned." "I'm surprised. The last time I saw him he told me his job was a regular sinecure." "Yes, but then it became insecure."

A woman with five children entered a tramcar. She busied herself seating them. A benevolent old gentleman rose and gave her his seat. "Are those all your children, madam?" he asked, "or is it a picnic?" "They're all mine," snapped the woman, "and it's no picnic."

Mr. Saburby: "Which do you advise me to plant—onion seed or turnip?" Mr. Nextdoor: "My chickens prefer turnip."

Little Joan, inquisitive, asked: "Daddy, what do you do at your office?" Father, feeling rather tired and upset, replied: "Oh, nothing." "Then how do you know when you're finished?" queried Joan.

A minister called upon a woman member of his congregation, and, finding no one at home, slipped through the letter-box a card, after scribbling upon it the words, "Sorry to find you out." When the woman returned home, Mary, the maid, met her at the door and presented the card with a whisper. "Here, mum, I took charge of this. It would never do for the master to know the minister's found you out."

Kindly shopkeeper (as small boy enters): "What does my little man wish to buy—chocolates?" Small Boy: "You bet your life I do; but I've got to buy soap."

Rate Collector: "Is Mrs. Smith at home?" Maid: "Yes, but she isn't receiving to-day." "Oh, that will be all right! I'm not delivering; I'm collecting."

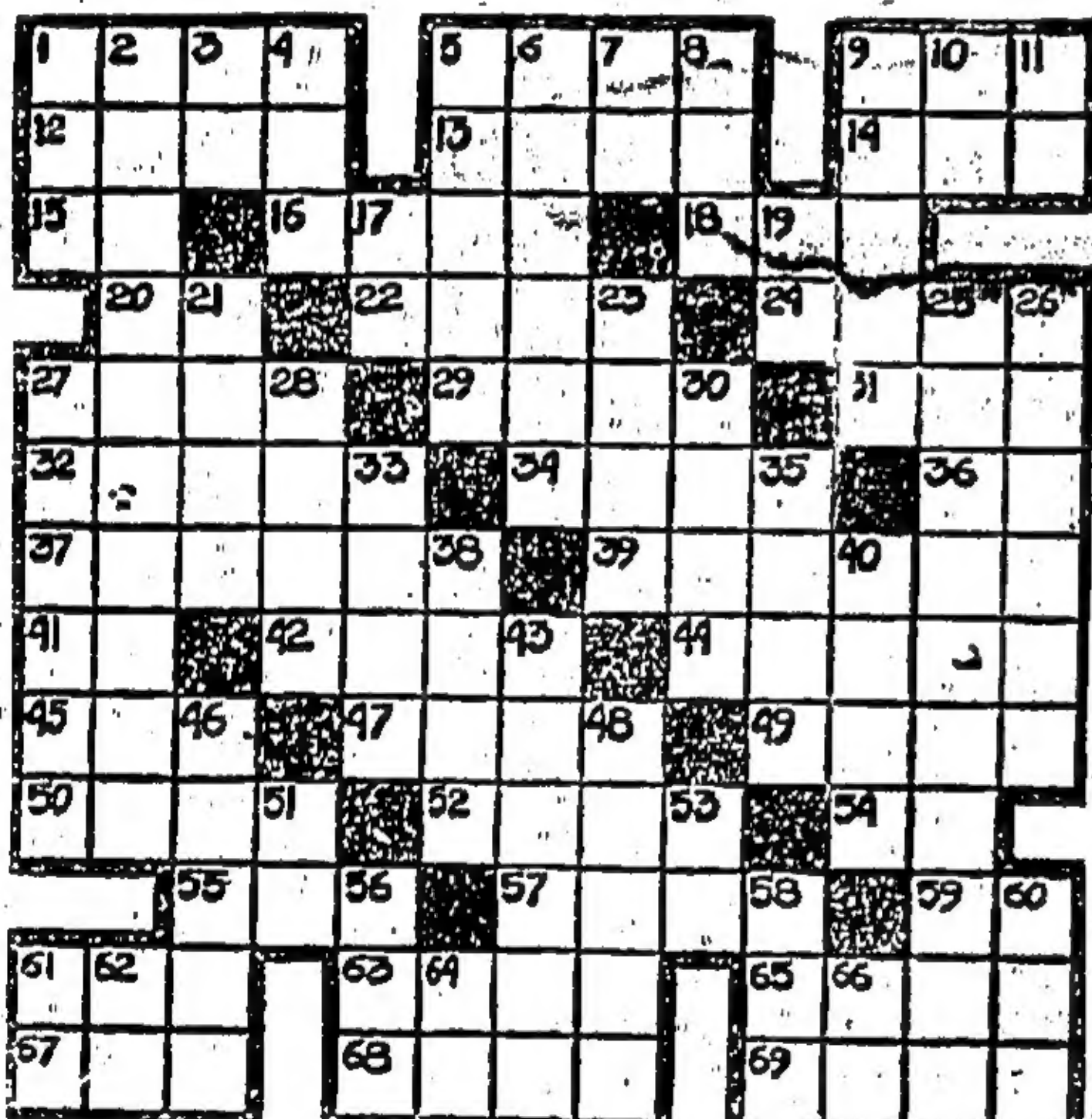
A Scotsman declared that telegraphy was known in Scotland at the dawn of time. "We've dug up the wires," he said. To which an Irishman replied, "We had wireless telegraphy thousands of years ago." How can you prove that? "Sure, we've not been able to find any wires."

Politician's Wife (at 2 a.m.): "There's the baby crying again, John. What shall we do with him?" Sleepy Voice: "I move the gentleman be no longer heard."

He: "True, my salary is not large; but then, two can live as cheaply as one." She: "But, Tom, dear, you forget—there's a mother."

Weary Traveller (at railway station on a south-country line): "Is there a cemetery here?" Porter: "No, sir." "Then where do you bury the people who die when waiting for trains?"

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



## Horizontal.

- 1.—Wise man.
- 5.—Crustacean.
- 9.—Convulsive sigh.
- 12.—English school.
- 13.—Nevada city.
- 14.—To attempt.
- 15.—By.
- 16.—Profound.
- 18.—Sorrow.
- 20.—White.
- 22.—Recompense.
- 24.—Plant.
- 27.—Suffers.
- 29.—Not clerical.
- 31.—Through.
- 32.—To look into pryngly.
- 34.—Soapstone.
- 36.—Six.
- 37.—French maker.
- 39.—Jumped.
- 41.—Ethereal river.
- 42.—"High hatter."
- 43.—Sudden light.
- 45.—Sick.
- 47.—Sailors.
- 49.—To escape.
- 50.—To conduct.
- 52.—To be fond.
- 54.—Symbol for nickel.
- 56.—Procured.
- 57.—Festive.
- 59.—To exist.
- 61.—A number.
- 63.—Wine-shaped.
- 65.—To depend.
- 67.—Conjunction.
- 69.—Shallow dishes.

## Vertical.

- 1.—Body of water.
- 2.—Procurable.
- 3.—Boxing match.
- 4.—Conclusion.
- 5.—Fish basket.
- 6.—To do again.
- 7.—Article.
- 8.—Sutiation.
- 9.—Precipitous.
- 10.—Conjunction.
- 11.—Alongside.

## 17.—Type measure.

- 19.—Exclamation.
- 21.—To spill.
- 23.—Clock face.
- 25.—Capable of being turned about.
- 28.—Newlyweds.
- 27.—To absolve.
- 29.—Soaks up.
- 30.—In music, symbol for pitch.
- 32.—Inclosed.
- 35.—Unmuffled.
- 38.—Thoroughfare.
- 40.—Ache.
- 43.—Heavy shoe.
- 46.—Kind of beer.
- 48.—Heavenly bodies.
- 51.—To perform.
- 53.—Spanish article.
- 56.—To knock lightly.
- 58.—Skill.
- 60.—Organ of head.
- 61.—Over and touching.
- 62.—Not any.
- 64.—Sixth note of scale.
- 66.—Comparative ending.

This puzzle took 23 minutes to solve. See how long it will take you to solve it.

## YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

TO JABE  
CRANE EGG SCAM  
TASTED FOR TONE  
SLEPT BEHIND  
TEEM RIDE  
ITS COROT SUB  
NO LAF SO  
ARC BATES ME  
ONAR SALE  
PLAID FINAL  
RELENT REVEILE  
EDEN AGO EARS  
TARS POD STOR

## SUBURBAN HEIGHTS—LEAVES

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



## SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

## MOTOR CYCLING.

L. H. Davenport (Wolverhampton) who covered the course of 248 miles on an A.J.S. machine was first home in the Ulster Grand Prix motor-cycle road race held last month. G. E. Rowley, also on an A.J.S., finished second, with F. A. Longman (O. K. Supreme) third. G. Walker, last year's winner, finished fourth on his powerful Rudge and won the 500 c.c. class at an average speed of 50.63 m.p.h., the fastest ever attained over the course. Davenport and Longman won their respective classes, 350 c.c. and 250 c.c.

W. J. C. Hewitt and M. V. McCudden each gained a victory for J. S. Worters, whose Excelsior-Japs they were driving. The former won the 250 c.c. race at 50.40 m.p.h., and the latter was successful in the event for small passenger machines at 78.06 m.p.h. H. C. Jones, driving the only cycle-car at the meeting, secured the five-laps all-comers' handicap at 77.81 m.p.h. A. L. Loweth, in winning the 500 c.c. race, averaged 54.15 m.p.h., the highest speed of the afternoon.

There were 30,000 spectators at the Crystal Palace last month, when T. Sharp beat Gus Kuhn in a match by two straight runs, and won the final of the Flying Nine Race at 41.74 m.p.h., falling by half a wheel to catch J. Stevens in the Crystal Palace Open Scratch Race. In the final of the Trophy J. Barratt beat B. Donkin at 42.41 m.p.h.

Sharp and Stevens met again in a match at Lea Bridge in the evening, when the former won by two straight runs. Sharp also qualified for the final of the Crystal Palace and Lea Bridge match, but was unable to start owing to an injured foot, the race being won by Stevens. T. Croombs beat Max

Grosskreutz in two straight runs. At Stamford Bridge in the evening Gus Kuhn won four events. He won the Chelsea Scratch Race at the fast speed of 43.06 m.p.h., the Fulham Handicap, with an allowance of 10 lb., at 40.38, beat N. Nicol in a match at 41.95, and then secured the "matchwinners" race from W. Phillips at 42.96 m.p.h. In a three-round match B. Lamont, the Australian, beat J. Taylor in two straight runs.

## DEADLY TACKLING.

Three thousand people at Torquay saw Cardiff win a keen game by one goal two tries (11 points) to one goal one try (8 points). There were changes in the Cardiff side, P. Stone taking the place of Trevor Lees at back, while P. Cameron was on the right wing, and N. Fender came in for Barratt in the pack. The Cardiff backs were lively and superior in the first quarter of an hour, and the forwards better in all departments. This was particularly demonstrated ten minutes before the interval Cameron scoring a clever try after intercepting a pass intended for Foot. P. Thomas added the goal points. Torquay drew level when Payne scored from a transfer by Stabb, and Trowse converted. It was at this stage that the Cardiff forwards began to play with splendid combination, and before half-time R. Tarnbull and P. Lewis added tries. Stone did much good work in the second half, and in fact, the whole Cardiff back division improved, and play was very fast. Torquay, too, played excellent football, and Trowse gained a try from a pass by Delahay. The home forwards appeared to be standing the pace better, and made several determined attacks, but the

tackling on both sides was deadly, and there was no further score. On Cardiff's side Stone played a perfect back game, while D. Jones and Cameron shone on many occasions. Poole, too, at the base of the scrum was distinctly clever, and was well supported by Williams. The outstanding forwards were Skym, H. Jones, and Lewis. The Cardiff pack, however, fell away towards the close of the second half. T. Scourfield, the home back, did well, and the three-quarters combined excellently. The forwards had the better of matters during the last ten minutes, and played with great determination.

## TENNIS.

The Hon. P. R. Aitken won the Boys' Singles in the Surrey Junior Championships "at Sutton" last month, when he beat J. W. Nuthall in the final by 6-4, 6-1. Nuthall, with a wider range of strokes, was unable to break up a driver's game. Aitken's driving on the forehand was some of the best ever seen in junior lawn tennis. He attained real speed. Not only had his drives great speed through the air, but they gathered pace off the ground. Nuthall's characteristic take-back of the racket preparatory to making a stroke, so like that of his sister, often found him late in making the return. He was out-paced and outplayed. Miss K. M. Payne won the Girls' Singles by beating Miss L. Wilkinson by 4-6, 6-0, 6-2. Aitken went on to achieve a triple success, for he won the Boys' Doubles with C. R. Fawcett against the brothers, J. V. and J. S. Nuthall, and was also victorious in the Mixed Doubles with Miss Payne.

## THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

## MARROW PRESERVES.

Marrow ginger is always popular. Here is a good recipe. You will need six pounds of marrow, ripened to mellowness, six pounds of preserving sugar, the juice of two lemons, one quart of water, an ounce and a half of essence of ginger.

Peel the marrow, remove the seeds, and cut it into pieces the size of a walnut. Place in an earthenware pan with the sugar and lemon juice. Leave for three days, stirring occasionally.

Boil for an hour and a half with the water and replace it in the pan for two days. Boil again for one hour, and when cold add the essence of ginger.

Preserved with lemon, marrow is very good. Take equal quantities of well-ripened marrow and loaf sugar; half teaspoonful of wine to every pound of marrow, one lemon, and five pepper pods.

Peel and cut the marrow into thin strips. Sprinkle some of the sugar over it and leave for twenty-four hours. Boil for an hour and a half with the rest of the sugar, the lemons sliced, and the pods in a muslin bag.

Stand for twelve hours and boil for an hour. Remove the marrow, add the wine, boil with a little more sugar until clear, and then pour over the marrow.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## TOMATO SAUCE.

For tomato sauce, take one pound fresh tomatoes, pint white stock or milk water, one ounce margarine, half teaspoonful sugar, dessertspoonful cornflour, a small carrot, and piece of turnip the same size. One large onion, half rasher of bacon cut in small pieces, salt and pepper to taste.

Slice the tomatoes and vegetables and put in a pan with the stock, butter, bacon and seasoning. Bring to boiling point and simmer half an hour. Rub through a hair sieve or fine gravy strainer. Mix the cornflour to a smooth paste with a little cold stock or milk, add to the strained liquid, and return to the pan.

Stir until boiling; allow to cook for a minute or two until a thick, creamy consistency, and add a few drops of carmine to give a good colour.

For marrow curd: To each pound of marrow use three-quarters of a pound of sugar, two lemons, two ounces of butter.

Slice the marrow and steam until soft. Mash, and when cold cook until creamy with the sugar, butter, and lemons cut in four. When cooked take out the pieces of le-

## FASHION NOTE.

A slight modification of the princess line is being shown, with yoked hips, and flares and godets below the hips. Infinite variety in the sleeve line, balloon, semi-balloon, bell-shaped, tightly-swathed sleeves, are all suggested by the couturiers for winter wear.

There are even double sleeves, tight crepe de Chine below and loose chiffon above. There are two-coloured sleeves, one colour from wrist to elbow and another colour above, and there are unexpected sleeves of a totally different colour from the rest of the dress.

Some winter coats made of cloth have the entire sleeves made of fur, and most of them have deep fur cuffs to cover the elbow in exaggerated mousquetaire style.

Greens are for the coming season, all kinds of greens, but the brighter the better—emerald, lettuce, and one that is like nothing but caterpillar green. Almost one sees too, Honey beige, maroon brown, sulphur and turquoise blue, and black, of course, while white and scarlet are used a lot for the evening.

Embroidered and beaded net is a "new" idea for the evening, while some dinner dresses, which have beaded designs on the bodice, have matching head pieces to wear round the hair in the shape of an irregular beaded bandeau.

## COMMENCING SHORTLY.

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An unusual story of a man without a conscience about women, regenerated at last by a pure love.

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AT THE QUEEN'S THURSDAY TO SATURDAY  
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MONTE BLUE

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BRITAIN'S NEW FORESTS.

PROFITS FROM WASTE  
LANDS.

Wolverhampton.—Fred Downing, 21, jumped into six feet of water in the canal at Wolverhampton to rescue Alfred Nightingale, a boy of nine, and a 15-months-old baby who was strapped in a perambulator which had accidentally fallen into the water. Downing brought the perambulator in which the child was strapped to the canal bank, and Nightingale was rescued by other men.

Boscombe.—George Collart Cox, 45, of Oakdene, Sandhill Heath, Fordingbridge (Hants), died in the sea at Boscombe while bathing. Artificial respiration was tried for an hour without avail.

Chelsea.—The police are seeking the husband of Mrs. Muriel Erenne Fay, of More's-garden, Chesham, who was found lying dead on the pavement, having apparently fallen from the window of her flat on the fifth floor.

Bow woman: I had seven children, but one got married, and that leaves six.

Nottingham man: We are pals, so I often say that I will knock his head off.

Chairman at Kingston: Where did he strike you? Man: On the right face.

Great Britain is once more becoming a country of forests. The Forestry Commission has planted 275,913 acres of woodlands between 1920 and 1928, and 17,237 acres were added in the past year.

It has been the policy of the commissioners to re-plant the old royal forests, such as Sherwood, the New Forest, Rockingham, Wyre and High Peak—ancient names that ring like trumpet calls down the lanes of history.

The greatest stretch of forest anywhere in England will be in East Anglia, where an entirely new area is being planted. It is being started with 24,000 acres around Thetford, and ultimately the commissioners dream of extending this to a mighty forest of 80,000 to 100,000 acres. This would be four times the size of the New Forest.

Last year the commissioners spent £245,330, and as most of the trees planted were spruce and fir, replanting will begin to come in about twenty years hence. We draw nine-tenths of our timber supplies from abroad, at a cost of £100,000,000 a year, although at the lowest estimate we have 3,000,000 waste acres suited for afforestation, but at present unplanted.

In Wales the annual demand for pitprops requires 500,000 acres of forest to supply them. This is exactly the area of forestable waste land in the Principality.



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AZURE  
STEEL  
BISMUTH  
PLUM  
DRAB



FAWN  
ASH  
CASTOR  
COGOA  
NIGGER  
BUFF

WHAT A RANGE OF COLOURS,  
WHAT STYLE AND WHAT  
LASTING QUALITY THERE IS  
IN A HENRY HEATH HAT!

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CURLED BRIM STYLES, EACH IN VARIOUS  
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## THE OPIUM TRADE.

### LEAGUE OF NATIONS' COMMITTEE IN SINGAPORE.

TO VISIT HONG KONG AND MACAO.

The League of Nations Opium Commission arrived at Singapore on October 23 by the s.s. Kedah, and will in due course visit Penang, Siam, French Indo-China, Hong Kong, Macao, the Philippines Islands, Formosa, and Dairen. China will not be visited.

The Commission, consisting of Monsieur E. E. Ekstrand, Swedish Minister to Buenos Aires, Monsieur Max Leo Gerard, a Belgian banker and well-known financial authority, Dr. Jean Havlasa, late Czechoslovakian Minister at Rio de Janeiro, with Mr. B. Renborg, Swedish member of the Opium Traffic and Social Questions Section of the League of Nations, as Secretary, has been appointed by the League of Nations to inquire into the subject of opium smoking in the Far East. The report which they will present will be of great importance to the Straits Settlements, the Malay States, the Dutch Indies, Siam, British North Borneo, Sarawak, and all territories which derive revenue from opium.

#### Eventual Suppression.

Under the Geneva Opium Agreement of 1925 the League, as soon as it is satisfied that poppy cultivation has been brought under control, will declare the opening of a 10-year period during which opium smoking must be completely suppressed. Whether that period is imminent or not presumably depends on the opinions formed by the League commissioners now in Singapore, and particularly on what they think of conditions in China.

The commission, says the *Straits Times*, will spend about a week in Singapore, and hear the opinions of a number of leading Chinese and other residents on the opium question. They will then leave for the F.M.S., and on November 3, they are due to sail for the Dutch Indies.

#### Objects of the Tour.

The objects of their tour are officially defined as follows:—  
To inquire into and report upon:—  
the situation in the Far Eastern territories of the Governments which agree to such an inquiry as regards the use of opium prepared for smoking;  
the measures taken by Governments concerned to give effect to the obligations undertaken in Chapter II of The Hague Opium Convention of 1912, and in the Geneva Opium Agreement of February, 1925;  
the nature and extent of the illicit traffic in opium in the Far East, and the difficulties caused in the fulfilment of those obligations, and to suggest  
what action should in the circumstances be taken by the Governments concerned and, by the League of Nations.

The Government having placed the Council Chamber at the disposal of the Commissioners, business was started on the day after their arrival, evidence being taken, in camera, from Mr. G. G. Wilson, Mr. J. J. Warren, head of the Preventive Service, and Mr. J. C. Cowap, Government Analyst, Singapore.

#### Visit to Opium Factory.

Early the same morning the commissioners visited the Government opium factory and packing plant. At the latter they inspected the new method of packing opium. Opium is now packed in the form of paste in a very small tube, similar to the tubes used for toothpaste. This method makes the detection of non-controlled opium easier than hitherto, for if a man is using opium from a tube it can be none other than Government opium. Moreover, the previous method of packing was in a small packet, wrapped in a banana leaf, or a larger quantity in an earthenware jar.

The commissioners had a novel experience this morning, when they watched a ship in Singapore harbour being thoroughly searched by Preventive Service officers for opium and other contraband.

That evening the commissioners attended a dinner given by His Excellency and Mrs. Scott at Government House, and the following evening they were the guests of the Singapore Chinese community at a dinner in the Garden Club, Raffles Chambers.

#### Chinese Witnesses.

The Commissioners will leave Singapore on Monday, and on their return about November 3, they will remain there for one day before their departure for the Dutch East Indies.

"During their stay in Singapore," says our Singapore contemporary, "the Commissioners will confer with Government officials, and they will also receive information from unofficial organisations and individuals who are interested in the subject."

"Nine well-known Chinese residents have been appointed to give (Continued at foot of next column.)

## RICH WOMAN'S FALL.

### TRAGEDY AFTER MASS.

"GRANDFATHERS' CLUB" FOUNDER.

Miss M. L. Phillips, a wealthy philanthropist, fell about forty feet from a window of her flat on the third floor of Campden House-chambers, Sheffield-terrace, Kensington, and was killed.

Two young men who were walking in Horton-street saw her at the open window, and the next moment were amazed to see her falling. She struck the railings surrounding the building, and hung suspended until the men ran to her rescue and lifted her on the pavement, but it was found that she was dead.

#### Life for the Poor.

Miss Phillips' maid was in the flat at the time, but did not hear, any sound, and was ignorant of what had happened until the house porter rushed to inform her.

Miss Phillips went to Mass the previous day, and then returned to her flat, where she had lived for the last four years. She went to her sitting-room just before lunch time, and was not seen alive again.

She had devoted her whole life and fortune to alleviate the sufferings of the poor and needy. She spent some of the money which was left her by her father, a manufacturer in the midlands, in helping to found the famous Grandfathers' Club, which has its headquarters at the Browning Memorial Hall, Walworth.

Miss Phillips made it her personal care to see that the old people were fed, suitably clothed and comfortably housed, and every year she sent them on a summer outing. She also contributed more than £20,000 to relieve the distress caused by the Thames floods.

She was the half-sister of the Hon. Mrs. George Wrottesley, of Cadogan-gardens, S.W., and after the tragedy attempts were made to get in touch with her relations, who are out of the country on holiday. Father Phillips, her brother, is a Roman Catholic priest.

Miss Phillips is believed to have been about fifty-five or sixty years of age.

## MONEYLENDER WINS.

### SUMMARY COURT ACTION.

The Puisne Judge (Mr. Justice Wood) gave judgment for plaintiff for \$50 capital and \$4.50 interest, together with costs, and made an order for instalments of \$3 a month against Lau Hing and Leung Yee, of Takoo Sugar Refinery, who were sued by Udhe Singh, a moneylender.

Lau Hing, a fitter, denied owing \$50 and could not agree with His Lordship as to the exact date of the loan. Discrepancies also occurred in the evidence given by Leung Yee, the guarantor of the other defendant, and the Judge observed that both defendants had not adhered strictly to the truth.

evidence before the Commissioners if they wish to hear it. Whether they will present a joint statement, or give evidence individually, depends on the wishes of the commissioners.

"A *Straits Times* representative was informed that all the Chinese representatives were hostile to the opium traffic and favoured complete suppression in Malaya as soon as possible.

#### Smuggling Problem.

"Questioned as to the problem of smuggling from China, our informant said that a large amount of the opium smuggled from China to Singapore was not produced in China, but was grown in the Near East and transhipped from China ports. Information reaching Singapore indicates that poppy cultivation has been stamped out almost altogether in the Provinces of Fukien and Kwangtung, and, even if there is a certain amount of cultivation elsewhere in China—despite the strong attitude of the Nationalist Government—the leaders of the anti-opium movement in the Straits believe that smuggling could be effectively checked to such an extent that the vast majority of smokers would be unable to buy the drug. "We want suppression in any event, and as soon as possible," said one of the Chinese representatives.

#### Report in May, 1930.

Mr. B. Renborg, the secretary to the commission, pointed out to a *Straits Times* representative that the commissioners were engaged in a diplomatic mission and could not discuss any aspect of the opium question. No statement concerning their mission would be issued until they had returned to Geneva in May of next year.

Mr. Renborg did, however, pay a tribute to the hospitality with which they had been received, and the facilities which had been accorded to them, by the governments of the territories they had visited.

## MURDER MADNESS IN SUMATRA.

### INFECTIOUSNESS OF ATTACKS ON PLANTERS.

SOVIET INTRIGUES IN DUTCH TERRITORY.

Medan.—That the attacks on planters are likely to increase rather than to decrease was the opinion expressed by a man of eminence—and one who really knows conditions in the underworld of the east coast of Sumatra—in the course of an interview which I had with him to-day writes a *Straits Times* correspondent.

The trouble started in 1927, he said, when from Moscow the command was issued to the inhabitants of tropical countries to create terror amongst the European population. One of the methods used to give effect to this command in the Dutch East Indies was to stimulate amongst the people a hatred of all Europeans. Letters and documents to prove this could be traced, and my informant has at his disposal concrete evidence in support of his allegations.

#### Recent Happenings.

Recent happenings on the plantations seem to confirm my informant's gloomy prediction. The *Straits Times* has already reported the knife attacks on planters which occurred on Liberia Estate and Badja Linggi Estate. In each of these cases a planter was wounded. Later still, on Pabato Estate, another case of attempted murder occurred but the planter attacked escaped. During the past few weeks other incidents have happened which go to prove that life on estates in Sumatra is no longer very secure.

Quite recently the manager of Kanopan Celoe Estate, Mr. Molenaar, was wounded by a blow from a parang, and, on the afternoon of the same day, on the same plantation, another planter, Mr. Eversten, was attacked. The investigations which followed resulted in the discovery of a pre-arranged murder plot.

It is true that the culprits alleged that they had reasons for their actions. In the first case, the accused said that the manager criticised him (the coolie) because he absented himself from work. In the second case, Mr. Eversten is said to have told a coolie that could not leave the plantation before serving out his contract, and that the Labour Ordinance provides that time lost while ill and time spent in prison must be made good later.

It was therefore necessary for the coolie concerned to remain on the estate for some months longer. This he refused to do, and, in a fit of temper, hurled his parang at Mr. Eversten.

#### Coolies Secret Assembly.

But there were, it is said, other reasons behind the murderous attacks. An investigation by the police showed that there had been a secret assembly of coolies on that plantation, at which it had been decided that all Europeans should be murdered. In connection with this discovery 16 workers were arrested. It seems that a mandore (overseer) whose vanity was hurt because he had not been appointed a super-overseer had acted as the ringleader.

It is remarkable that, on the very morning on which the attack occurred, the labour inspector paid a visit to the plantation, in the absence of the manager and the coolies replied to the usual question by stating that they had no complaints to make.

As I write yet another report is to hand that an attack has occurred on a neighbouring plantation, Membang Meda Estate. Some coolies remained in their lines; the assistant went out to warn them to go to their work. He found some men, heavily armed, who attempted to attack him. They were seized and brought to the manager's office. There one of them managed to pull himself free and tried to attack the manager. Fortunately this was prevented.

The only motive seems to be that these coolies wished to imitate their friends on Kanopan Celoe Estate. If this is so it can be readily understood how infectious is this murder madness.

## MRS. BRIGHTEN.

### WOMAN WITH A LOAD OF TROUBLE.

There is a woman in London who has more trouble on her shoulders than any other woman in the world, and yet her task in life is making other people happy.

Mrs. Brighten—that is her real name—is in an office where she solves the problems of troubled society.

Cabinet Ministers and their wives have confided in Mrs. Brighten, and have been sent on their way rejoicing.

I asked for names, but Society can breathe freely. Their secrets are inviolate in the keeping of Mrs. Brighten.



Their shadows never grow less

There is no "fading away" of either shape or shade with shirts and pyjamas of 'Viyella' fine twill flannel. They can be worn out—comfortably and economically worn out—by the most particular man. The luxury of the smooth-surfaced, protective, non-irritant material endures even under crude native washings. And because 'Viyella' radiates as well as absorbs excess moisture from the skin—it is just as comfortable in hot as in cold weather.

'Viyella' is available in distinctive stripes and plain colours for Day, Night and Pyjamas. It is also made for men, and for 'all' sizes. All in various weights.

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Corner of Chapter Road and Ice House Street.

We switched on to other things, the story of the sedan chair, for instance.

"It was too funny for words," said Mrs. Brighten.

"A man with a great deal of money and many whims to gratify told me sorrowfully that he was bored with life. He was particularly tired of going from place to place in luxurious motor-cars he owned and in taxicabs."

"Then he had an idea, and said:

"I will go to a breakfast party in Adelphi-terrace, and I shall leave my hotel in a sedan chair!"

Mrs. Brighten set to work, and after hunting all over London found a sedan chair in Brixton.

"I then secured the service of two commissionaires with a double row of medals on their tunics, and both were gigantic 'six-footers'."

new uniforms and conveyed my client to his breakfast in the Strand in a sedan chair."

Boredom sends many rich men to Mrs. Brighten. It sent a certain man who laughed in the wrong place at a performance of the blood-curdler, "Dracula."

"People sitting behind him at the theatre were annoyed," said Mrs. Brighten, "and remarked loudly that they would book the same seats for the following night and see the play undisturbed."

"My client felt he had been slighted in public, and did not sleep till he had formulated his plan of revenge."

"He came to me and said, 'Book the whole row of stalls for me, and I'll sit in each seat for five minutes.' I accordingly booked the row in which my client's bete noire had been seated the previous night."



**"RED" UPRISING IN KWANGTUNG.****DIVISION RECALLED FROM WUCHOW.****LARGE AREA DEVASTATED BY REBELS.**

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CANTON, October 30. A Communist uprising of serious proportions is reported from the East River District of Kwangtung. A large rabble under the notorious bandit Pang Pai have pillaged over twenty villages in the Luk Fung District, the whole area being systematically ransacked and a "Soviet Government" has been proclaimed. All the wealthier people are leaving as best they can. The Communists in South Fokien have also met with further success and a despatch received at Military Headquarters to-day announces that the capital of the Ping Yuen District was stormed and pillaged. The whole district between that town and Wuping is being terrorized.

At a military conference held to-day, and attended by Generals Chen Ming Shu, Chen Tsai Tong, Li Yang King and Yu Han Mow it was decided to recall the 60th Division, under Tsoi Ting Kai, from Wuchow and send it to reinforce General Chiang Kwang Nai who is in command in the north-eastern section of Kwangtung.

The message reached Wuchow early in the day and already the part of the division is on its way in some 40 junks and a number of sampans hastily commandeered by the commanding officer. They are expected in Canton either to-night or to-morrow morning and will at once entrain for Cheung Mak Tau on the Canton-Kowloon Railway. From there they will march to Wuchow and other places on the East River now menaced by the Reds. Four trains are already waiting for these troops, so that there shall be no delay.

**THE "IRONSIDE" CAMPAIGN.**

To meet the threatened attack by the Ironsides two full divisions, the 56th and the 3rd, have been concentrated between Ying Tak and Shikwan on the North River. General Chen Tsai Tong is said to be adopting very much the same plan of campaign as he used with signal success against Pei Chung Hsi and Wong Shu Hung. While standing on the defensive close to sources of supply, and with good river and rail communications in his rear he is drawing his antagonist further from their allies the Kuominchun.

**RED SEDITIONIST EXECUTED.**

The secret distribution of Red propaganda is still going on in Canton. One offender was caught, however, in the act, Tai Sun Street being the scene of his activities. He was taken to Central Police Station and after a brief trial was sent, with a firing squad, to the outskirts of the city. He is said to have confessed that he was in the pay of the Canton Communist party.

**THE KWANGSI GOVERNMENT.**

General Lui Woon Im has not yet inaugurated the new Provincial Government of Kwangsi but the ceremony has been arranged for November 1. Admiral Chen Chak, who has been appointed by Nanking to act as its representative is still in Canton, but will leave by aeroplane for Nanking where the formalities will take place.

**CANTON MERCHANT'S SUDDEN DEATH.****DURING BIRTHDAY BANQUET.**

Mr. Chang Ping Sam, a well-known merchant in Canton died suddenly, during the celebrations in honour of his 60th birthday. An elaborate banquet was in progress at his palatial home in Sankwan, when the host suddenly collapsed. The music in the courtyard was stopped and a doctor hastily summoned, but Mr. Chang died before medical help arrived.

Mr. Chang was a noted philanthropist and had been a Magistrate in the days of the Manchu Dynasty.

**ROUND THE COURTS.****ALLEGED THEFT OF FURNITURE!****MAGISTRATE ORDERS INQUIRIES.**

A houseboy appeared before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at Central Magistrate on a charge of larceny as bailee of a quantity of furniture, valued at \$229, from a dealer in Yaumati.

The defendant was alleged to have ordered the furniture from the dealer and given instructions for it to be sent to 207, Nathan Road, paying \$10 deposit.

After the furniture had been delivered the dealer went to the address given and found the house empty and the sign "to let" displayed. He ran defendant to earth in Hong Kong and asked him where the furniture was. The latter replied that it was at the back of the house but remarked that he had not got the key. The dealer became suspicious and had the defendant arrested.

After evidence had been given by the dealer and a Chinese detective, the Magistrate expressed dissatisfaction with the case and ordered a week's formal remand. He asked the police to find out why the dealer had allowed a man, of whom he knew nothing, to take furniture from his shop and to produce evidence as to who and what the man was.

**EUROPEAN REVENUE OFFICER SUMMONED.**

Revenue Officer T. Tallon was summoned before Mr. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistrate by an engine driver and a stoker of the Kowloon-Canton Railway. The complainants accused the Revenue Officer of assaulting them at the Kowloon Station.

Revenue Officer Tallon has issued counter-summaries for possession of opium and resisting a search. Mr. L. R. Andrews, Assistant Crown Solicitor, is appearing for the Crown, while Mr. F. C. E. Rendall is for the railwaymen.

The hearing was fixed for Monday, November 25.

**PRISON INSTEAD OF A BEATING.**

When a Chinese youth was ordered to receive 12 strokes of the cane for snatching a gold ornament from a child in Yaumati, a medical officer said that the defendant was unfit for the cane and had a touch of fever.

The Magistrate (Mr. Whyte Smith) altered the sentence to three months' imprisonment. For a previous conviction of stealing the defendant had been ordered to receive 9 strokes.

**CRUELTY TO A DUCK.**

P.C. Farrel, in chatting a Chinese with cruelty to a duck told the Magistrate that the defendant tied a piece of grass string to the bird's beak and was swinging it to and fro. The man said that he did it because the duck had broken away and he was making sure that it did not escape again.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$10, and asked the defendant how he would like to be carried about in the street by his nose.

**YAUMATI LADIES' QUARREL.**

The assault summonses brought against Miss Edwards Kinolo and Miss Bella Kinolo of 19, Pilgrim Street, and Miss Carlotta Young, of 21, Pilgrim Street, by Miss Elizabeth Mendonca of 16, Sha Po Road, was again mentioned before Mr. Whyte Smith who fixed the hearing for November 12. Mr. F. C. E. Rendall is for the defence, while Mr. J. M. Remedios is for complainant.

**TRICK CYCLIST WARNED.**

A Chinese who was charged with riding a cycle in a reckless manner in Shanghai Street denied the charge and said that he was not the rider. He was only standing on the back seat.

A Chinese detective said that two men were riding a bicycle which knocked him over. They were on the wrong side of the road. One man escaped but the defendant was caught.

The defendant who had spent a night in the cells was cautioned.

**NAVAL FUNERALS.****FLYING OFFICER AND STOKER BURIED.**

There were two funerals at the Protestant Cemetery, Happy Valley, yesterday at which Naval honours were accorded. The first was of Albert Ward, Flying Officer, R.A.F., attached to H.M.S. Hermes, who met his death the previous day in the seaplane accident in the harbour. Officers of the Royal Navy, men of H.M.S. Hermes, and members of the R.A.F. at Kai Tak were among the attendance. The Rev. F. Freeman, Naval Chaplain, conducted the service.

**Floral Tributes.**

Wreaths were sent by Captain James D. Campbell, H.M.S. Hermes, Ship's Company, H.M.S. Hermes, Chief Petty Officers Mess, H.M.S. Hermes, Officers and Air-men, Headquarters Flight, H.M.S. Hermes, Chief Stokers and Stoker Petty Officers' Mess, H.M.S. Hermes, Engine Room Artificers' Mess, H.M.S. Hermes, Detachment, Royal Marines, H.M.S. Hermes, Warrant Officers' Mess, H.M.S. Hermes, Petty Officers' Mess, H.M.S. Hermes, Captain and Officers, H.M.S. Berwick, Ship's Company, H.M.S. Berwick, Wardroom Officers, H.M.S. Titania.

Commodore R. A. S. Hill, Squadron Leader S. T. Freeman, R.A.F., Wing Commander A. E. Steele-Parkins, R.A.F., Commander Anthony Lockhart, R.N., O.C. Officers and men, R.A.F. Kai Tak, Officers 403, 440, 449 Flight, R.A.F. Base, Kai Tak, Flying Officers David, Bennett and Somerhaugh, Lieut.-Col. Little and Officers, Somerset Light Infantry, 2nd Bn. King's Own Scottish Borderers, Officers and other ranks, Royal Artillery, Lieut.-Col. H. B. Vernon and Officers, 3/15 Punjab Regiment, Officers, R.F.A. France, Mr. G. R. Merriman, Mr. R. Y. Frost, Mr. Li Chor Chi, Sub-Inspector and Mrs. H. Phillips, Committee members, Hong Kong Club, Wing Kat Co. Canteen Staff.

**STOKER CORNWALL OF H.M.S. TARANTULA.**

The second funeral was that of Stoker George Frederick Cornwall, 25 years old, attached to H.M.S. Tarantula. Diving operations were carried out when he was missed from the ship on October 27, but it was not until the morning of the following day that his body was found lying at the south wall of the Naval Dockyard. A gun-carriage conveyed the remains from the R.N. Hospital, accompanied by a firing party, officers and men of the vessel. The Rev. G. H. Hewitt, R.N., officiated.

Wreaths were sent by the Captain and Wardroom Officers, H.M.S. Tarantula, Ship's Company, H.M.S. Tarantula, Ship's Company, H.M.S. Tamar, Chief Petty Officers, H.M.S. Tarantula, Seamen, H.M.S. Tarantula, Petty Officers' Mess, H.M.S. Tarantula, West River Flotilla, "His Messmates."

**THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.****SECOND READINGS OF MUI TSAI AND FACTORY ORDINANCES.**

At to-day's meeting of the Legislative Council the Colonial Secretary will move "that the report of the Finance Committee (No. 14), dated October 24, 1929, be adopted." The Attorney-General will move the second reading of—

An Ordinance to make provisions with respect to the British Mercantile Marine Uniform.

An Ordinance to amend the Uniform Ordinance, 1925.

An Ordinance to amend the Protection of Women and Girls Ordinance, 1897.

An Ordinance to amend the Female Domestic Service Ordinance, 1923.

An Ordinance to amend the Watchmen Ordinance, 1928.

An Ordinance to amend the Industrial Employment of Children Ordinance, 1922.

The Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton will move the second reading of—

An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation of the Trustees of the Chater Masonic Scholarship Fund."

**RETURN OF MR. E. D. C. WOLFE.****DUE IN THE COLONY ON NOVEMBER 8.**

The Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G. (Captain Superintendent of Police, or Inspector General of Police as the post will be shortly designated) is due back in the Colony on November 8 by the P. & O. Rawalpindi. He is presumably returning alone, as Mrs. Wolfe's name is not in the passenger list.

During his absence on furlough, Mr. T. H. King (Director of Criminal Intelligence) has acted as C.S.P.

**EMBEZZLEMENT AND FORGERY?****AFFAIRS OF A TAILORING FIRM.****COMPLAINANT CROSS-EXAMINED.**

Wong Suk To, the complainant in the charges of alleged embezzlement and forgery brought against Yau Ka Wai (both partners of the Wing Hing firm of tailors) was cross-examined at length by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, counsel for the defence, at the resumed hearing yesterday. At the previous hearing Mr. E. S. C. Brooks, who is prosecuting in the case, finished his examination-in-chief of this witness.

Answering Mr. Jenkin, witness said that he retired from the firm voluntarily, having made up his mind to do so about September 1 this year. At the time he had a share holding of \$8,000.

Mr. Jenkin: I put it to you that your retirement was forced by the defendant?—No.

Had you not brought the firm to a state of bankruptcy by acts during your management?—No.

Complainant's Indebtedness.

I put it to you that at date of retirement you owed the firm, owing to misappropriation, \$8,000?—I owed about that sum.

Was this partly the money you should have paid to other people but used yourself?—Yes.

Which means you had entered amounts in the books as having been paid out to other people?—I cannot remember.

Dealing with an assignment made six weeks ago of the shares held by witness, he admitted that he owed the firm \$7,978.41. He was prepared to surrender his holding in liquidation of this amount, a sum of \$1,000 being also to be paid to him in cash.

Dealing with the balance sheets, Mr. Jenkin said he hoped the witness understood the solemnity of the proceedings, and reminded him that he was on oath.

In answer to other questions, witness admitted that his indebtedness was made up partly from unpaid interest to partners and trade commission which he used himself. He also used money from the firm's safe and borrowed the firm's money from the accountant, his son.

One Year's Profit 11 Cents.

Mr. Jenkin: You are aware that the profits of the firm have been dwindling every year?—I cannot say.

At the end of the Mo San year (February, 1929) the profits of the firm were only 11 cents?—I did not know it until you mentioned it now.

At a later stage witness admitted that he knew the profits amounted to about sum some months ago.

And you were responsible for reducing the firm to that condition?—No.

After further cross-examination the case was adjourned.

**P.W.D. OFFICIALS DIFFER.****COOLIES CAUTIONED FOR DOING P.W.D. "A GOOD TURN."**

Ten stonebreakers were summoned before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistrate for trespassing on Crown land in Waterloo Road.

Mr. A. C. Burford, Senior Land Bailiff of the P.W.D., who prosecuted, said that the defendants were stonebreaking on Crown land without permission. They were taking stone from the quarry, but as he was unable to prove the origin of the stone he could not charge them with larceny. It was not a criminal offence but the defendants were obstructing the roadway and he wanted to prevent it in future.

Mr. Howe Differs.

Mr. J. A. Howe, informed His Worship that he had been asked by Mr. H. S. House to put certain facts before the Court. The defendants were breaking stone which belonged to the Sang Lee contractors. Incidentally the defendants were helping to clean the place.

Mr. Burford remarked to the Magistrate that if Mr. Howe, who was acting on the instructions of the Executive Engineers, said the defendants were allowed to break stones on the land he would ask for their discharge.

In reply to the Magistrate Mr. Howe remarked that he did not see why the defendants should have been turned off the land. From a Government point of view they wanted the spot cleared away and the defendants were assisting the Departments.

His Worship asked why if defendants were doing the Government a good turn should they be cautioned? Mr. Howe replied that they had committed "a technical offence." The Magistrate accordingly cautioned the defendants.

**AUTUMN ART SHOW.****KOMORS ATTRACTIVE DISPLAY.**

Summer has made way for Autumn, and the coming of this pleasant season comes another pleasure—Komor's Autumn Picture Exhibition.

Have you made a note of October 31? No, it is not a holiday, but it is the day Komors will exhibit—and begin to sell—their pictures. There are only ten days in which to enjoy this attractive display, and who knows if you do not go the first day it may be that just the very picture you want most will have a big "Sold" sign on it!

Artists' popular among Hong Kong connoisseurs, such as Terauchi, Kobayashi, Shio, and others are again represented in Komor's Autumn Exhibition. Benson and Kondo have also sent a few exceptionally good oil paintings. A newcomer is Shiba, and you will be surprised at the perfect drawing and colouring of his pictures.

When I went up to Komors showroom and saw this beautiful collection—amazingly illuminated by artificial daylight reflectors—I was astonished at the life, colour, and beauty in this display. My thoughts ran somewhat in this strain:—

"Look at those wonderful waves! How real! I wonder who painted that picture?" Stepping nearer I could see it was marked "No. 550, by Terauchi." On my right was the picture of a figure smiling happily, seeming to welcome me. I tried to guess the name of the artist, and immediately Ryoko came to my mind; looking at the number, which was 23, I was pleased—and must admit rather proud—to find I had guessed right.

"Look at this large picture in a frame—that must be Nikko and the mark says 'No. 1 by Terauchi.' How gorgeous!"

Just as I had got so far in my reflections Mr. Komor came up to see how I was getting along, and drew my attention to picture "No. 05," an oil painting by Kono, "A view of Shingawara." How pleasing and restful this picture! There are several of Shiba's landscape studies on view, and some by Ito and Kobayashi, selling from \$3 and \$9 each.

I left the gallery with the impression that everybody should call at Komors to see this great display. Pictures make perfect presents, and they are to be had at prices to suit every pocket, from three to thirty dollars. Would not the folks at home be pleased to receive one of these pictures as a Xmas present? The exhibition is open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. for ten days only, and no fee is charged for admission to this really delightful but alas! only temporary art-gallery.

**THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.****\$22,000. BILL FOR TYPHOON DAMAGE.**

Supplementary estimates totalling \$23,173 will be presented at to-day's meeting of the Finance Committee of the Legislative Council.

Of the sum required \$22,000 is under the heading, "Public Works Recurrent" typhoon and rain storm damages, Kowloon. To cover present expenditure and possible future small items. The provision made in the estimates was \$10,000 but the typhoon of August 22 caused damage to roads, buildings and other Government works of approximately \$31,016.

A sum of \$302 is requested to meet the contribution (\$20,411 at 1/11½—\$301.99) from this Colony towards the expenses of the "Office International d'Hygiene Publique, Paris" in respect of the year 1929.

A sum of \$371 is asked as salary for Captain P. Perfect who acted as Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government during the absence from the Colony of Captain F. G. Sillitoe, who accompanied His Excellency the Governor to the Philippine Islands from 1st to 28th October.

For steam launch hire and transport \$300 is asked.

"Unforeseen expenditure amounting to \$400 was incurred owing to launch hire to replace launch P.D. 1 after an accident, and hire of junks to replace Sanitary Department barges damaged by typhoon.

"Repairs to launches during the year have been much heavier than last year, necessitating hiring of substitute launches in excess of anticipated requirements, and extra expenditure of \$200."

**POWELLS**

10, Ice House Street.

**PROTECT YOURSELF AGAINST THE CHILLY EVENINGS**

Our range of Underwear for the cooler days is now complete and comprises Natural and White Wool, in Tropical and Lightweight Cashmere and Gauze, made by "JAEGER" and "MORLEY" also "MERIDIAN."

These are stocked in Vests with Short or Long Sleeves. Drawers—Knee or Ankle Length, also Combinations.

We shall be pleased to show you our Goods without obligation to purchase.

**FATHER'S FAVOURITES**

ORGAN MEDLEY

PLAYED BY TERRANCE CASEY ON THE MIGHTY TIVOLI WURLITZER ORGAN.

(Introducing—Part 1: Daisy Bell; What is the Use of Loving a Girl?; The Piccadilly Johnny With the Little Glass Eye; At Trinity Church; Little Annie Rooney; She Was One of the Early Birds; The Man Who Broke the Bank. Part 2: The Honeyuckle and the Bee; Miner's Dream of Home; Comrades; The Blind Boy; Just Like the Ivy; Where Did You Get That Hat?)

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**\$15.00 to 25.00 Each**

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MEN'S WEAR STYLISTS.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## ROYAL HONG KONG YACHT CLUB.

OPENING CRUISE will take place at the CLUB HOUSE, NORTON ROAD, on SATURDAY, 2ND NOVEMBER.

Members and Friends are cordially invited to be present. The First LADIES' RACE Starts at 3 P.M.

By Order,

R. J. VERNALL,  
Hon. Secretary.

[5563]

## HONG KONG CRICKET CLUB.

## INTERPORT CRICKET.

THERE will be A STAND on the CHATER ROAD Side of the Ground Reserved for Members of the Club, Spectators, and their Ladies. Entrance by the Small Gate in CHATER ROAD at the East End of the Pavilion. [5565]

## INTERPORT CRICKET.

IT is proposed to carry out the following Programmes:

NOVEMBER 2ND, 6TH and 7TH—SHANGHAI v. MALAYA.

NOVEMBER 9TH, 11TH and 12TH—SHANGHAI v. HONG KONG.

NOVEMBER 13TH, 14TH and 15TH—MALAYA v. HONG KONG.

Matches will, unless otherwise notified, Commence at 10.30 A.M. on All Days except the 11TH, when Time will be 11.45 A.M. Entry Free. 12.45 to 1.30 P.M. DAY DINNER at 5 P.M.

A STAND at the Corner of QUEEN'S ROAD and DES VOURS ROAD will be Open to the Public at a Charge of 50 Cents Per Person Per Day.

Besides on the QUEEN'S ROAD Side of the Ground will be Reserved for Spectators and Soldiers in uniform. [5564]

## THE DIOCESAN BOYS' SCHOOL, HONG KONG.

## THE FOURTH PAYMENT OF SCHOOL FEES is Due on NOVEMBER 1ST.

This is a Good Time for New Boys to begin at School.

The ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS will be held NOVEMBER and PROMOTIONS made on FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29TH.

A New Year's Work begins on MONDAY, DECEMBER 2ND.

For Prospectus, etc. please apply The BURSAR, P.O. Box 53, HONG KONG. [5561]

## THE DIOCESAN BOYS' SCHOOL, HONG KONG.

## THE SIXTIETH BIRTHDAY COMMEMORATION.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2ND, 1929.—Visit of H.E. The Governor of Hong Kong, Sir CECIL CLERMONT, K.C.M.G., 3.30 to 4.30 P.M.—Games and Tea, 5.15 to 6.00 P.M.—The Ceremony in the Hall.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 3RD, 1929.—7.45 A.M.—Holy Communion—in the School Chapel.

11.00 A.M.—Special Service in St. John's Cathedral.

Preacher—The Headmaster.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH, 1929.—At Home.

7.00 to 9.00 P.M.—Chinese Concert.

9.00 to 9.30 P.M.—Gymnastic Display.

9.30 to 10.15 P.M.—Dancing and Refreshments.

The School Buildings will be illuminated on the EVENINGS of NOVEMBER 2ND, 3RD, 4TH and 5TH.

All Parents, Guardians, Old Boys and their Friends are cordially invited. [5562]

## TO NATURE LOVERS.

FROM the Beginning of Next Year We intend publishing a QUARTERLY JOURNAL, "THE HONG KONG NATURALIST." Our aim is to give a more or less popular account of the Flora and Fauna of the District, together with its Climate and Physical Features.

A number of the Articles will be supplemented by Line Drawings, Reproductions of Photographs, or Other Types of Illustration.

The Cost of Each Number will be about \$1.50 or \$5 Post Free, to Annual Subscribers. Copies will not be put on Sale until the Annual Subscribers have been supplied.

We invite all who are interested in the Natural History of the Colony to give their hearty support and co-operation. If, after a year's trial, we find that the Journal is not receiving sufficient support, the Publication will be discontinued.

Intending Subscribers are requested to send their Subscription (\$5) to Dr. G. A. C. HERKLOTS, Biological Department, THE UNIVERSITY, stating the Address to which the Journal should be forwarded.

A. H. BROOK,

G. A. C. HERKLOTS.

[5559]

## KELLET HOUSE, PEAK.

TO LET—FLAT, No. 1, Four Rooms, Bath, Kitchen, Separate Kitchen, Servants' Quarters. All Modern Conveniences. Moderate Rent. Apply DEACONS, PRINCE'S BUILDING. [5461]

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The Vessel is stranded on the North Coast of the ISLAND OF HAINAN, on Sandy Beach about One Mile East of LAMKO LIGHTHOUSE, at the Western End of HAINAN STRAITS, in about 23 Feet of Water.

LAM CHI FONG,

40, Bonham Street, West,

or to

D. A. PURVES,

Prince's Building, Ice House Street. [5492]

## "PEAK MANSIONS."

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## THE TIME FOR BLANKETS

IS HERE, BUT WHAT SHALL BE DONE FOR THOSE WHO CANNOT AFFORD THEM?

MEMBERS of the Committee at the end of the Society's Room, CHURCH HALL, EVERY MONDAY and THURSDAY at 10.30 to receive

Gifts of BLANKETS, Part-worn Clothing, etc.

HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

(Est. 1889.) [5428]

## WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 6.30 p.m., stated:—

The anticyclone has moved eastward and now covers the Sea of Japan. An area of relatively low pressure covers the eastern portion of the S. China Sea. Moderate monsoon will continue along the S.E. coast of China and over the Local China Sea.

Local Forecast: N.E. winds, moderate, fine.

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

The wedding of Mr. W. H. C. BOURCHIER, to Miss EMMA D. DOS REZENDES, will take place at Rosary's Church, Kowloon, on Saturday, November 2, at 3 P.M., and afterwards at No. 8, Humphrey's Avenue, Kowloon. No invitations are being issued, but all friends are cordially invited to the reception. [5568]

The wedding of Miss MARY KOTWALL, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. KOTWALL, to Dr. M. B. OSMAN, M.D., of the University of Hong Kong, will be solemnized on Friday, November 8, 1929. A reception will be given at the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel at 3.30 p.m. No invitations are being issued, but all friends are cordially invited to the reception. [5558]

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Ice House Street, Tel. Central 12.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. Central 4511.

London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

## The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, OCTOBER 31, 1929.

## TAX-DODGING IN HONG KONG.

THE advice given against attempting to hustle the East has been taken to heart in Hong Kong. Nearly twelve months ago the Government announced its intention of introducing legislation in January of this year to prevent the evasion of certain allegedly lawful dues. There was a protest and, in due course, a petition to the authorities, followed in turn by the announcement that a Committee would be appointed to go into the question. This was in March, but the Committee was not fully constituted until May, and no sooner was it formed than the Chairman was called away from the Colony, so nothing at all was done until June. The Committee concluded its sittings in July, its report was completed in August, and the text made public in October. Thus the round of the calendar is complete, and we are back precisely where we were in November last year, when the Government announced its intention of introducing legislation to prevent alleged tax-dodging in regard to share transactions and evasion of estate-duty on the shares of persons deceased. Whether the Government still has the intention of drafting this legislation is not known. In some quarters it is believed that the idea has been abandoned, but failing any definite statement to the contrary we must assume the Government has been anxiously awaiting the views of the Committee which was set up to consider and report on the question.

An extended summary of the Stamp Duties Committee's report has been published already in our columns. It is a curious document—or collection of documents—and the only point upon which complete agreement appears to exist is that evasion of estate-duty does take place, but it is contended there is no evasion of stamp-duty in regard to actual share transactions. There being no legal obligation to execute a fresh transfer instrument for each transaction, failure to do this cannot properly be called evasion, the Committee's report declares. Consequently no suggestion is put forward to remedy an evil which is declared not to exist, but it is proposed to make illegal the passing on of dividends to unregistered purchasers of shares, "with a view to the protection of the revenue derived from stamp-duties on share transactions." If put into force, this proposal obviously would put some check

upon the practice of passing shares from hand to hand without a transfer instrument being made out—and stamped—for each transaction. In regard to companies which have just paid a dividend—or are paying none—it is probable that speculators would run the risk of evasion, although the penalty provided for such an offence is a heavy one. Mr. J. Scott Hanston, though he signed the Committee's report, also submitted a minority report in which he put forward an alternative suggestion. He urged that it be made obligatory upon those who purchase shares which are on a share register which is required by law to be kept within the Colony to execute the transfers they receive in respect of such purchases within a period not exceeding six weeks from the respective dates fixed for the completion of the respective purchases by the respective contract notes relating thereto.

An amendment of the Stamp Ordinance to give effect to this proposal would very materially react upon the course of business as now followed in regard to blank transfers. In other words, "it would drive business away from the Colony"—a familiar phrase whenever anything is done, or is proposed, to be done, which is contrary to old-established custom. Certainly, Mr. Scott Hanston's scheme would affect very materially business of the "buy-to-day-to-sell-to-morrow" variety—that is to say, purely speculative operations—frequently carried on by persons who are not in a position to complete the transactions they enter upon, and actually have no intention of doing so. They buy, not to hold shares as an investment, but simply to get rid of them as soon as possible at what appears to be the most favourable opportunity. There are those who believe that the real motive prompting the Government twelve months ago to announce its intentions in regard to Stamp Ordinance amendment was a desire to apply the brake to rashly speculative business on the share-market. Whether this theory is in accordance with the facts we do not know, nor do we know whether the Government is still seriously considering the question at all. It may be that after this twelve months of nervous strain among the shareholders nothing at all will happen. On the other hand, it may be the Government, having received the report of the Committee appointed to consider the question in all its aspects, will now proceed to draft the legislation it has had in mind for so long.

In that case, we hope the suggestion put forward in the Minority Report will not be overlooked. It meets the admitted weakness in the Committee's recommendation regarding evasion of transfer registration. Whether the Government is concerned about loss of revenue, or about reckless speculation, or both, something more than is suggested by the Committee is needed to meet the case. As Mr. Scott Hanston says, if a system of compulsory registration of share transfers had been in force prior to the crash of 1923, the magnitude of that calamity would have been very largely minimised. If it is the idea of the Government to guard as far as may be possible against a repetition of that disaster, then its efforts must meet with the approval of the great majority of residents in the Colony. Naturally there will be some who will not look with favour on any such scheme; it will affect certain interests very materially, and adversely, but if the greatest good for the greatest number is the aim of the Government in bringing up this question, then we must hope it will lose no more time in getting down to business. The shareholders have generously admitted that evasion of death duties should be prevented; the general public will agree that the tax-dodging which the Stamp Duties Committee thinks "cannot properly be called evasion," should be also checked.

## News and Views.

One Chinese case of small-pox was notified on Tuesday.

The "annual Perambulation of War Department Property" takes place to-day and admission of civilians to W.D. land will be by pass only.

The Taihook Club is closing the bowling-green for the season next Saturday afternoon, when the prizes won by members during the past season will be presented.

Notice of the forthcoming marriage has been given of Mr. O. Leung Harrison, of 197, Queen's Road West, and Miss L. Young, of 2, United Terrace, Kowloon.

The marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Mr. D. W. Gallahar, an airman, of Kai Tak Base, and Miss Irene R. Raymond, of 11, Humphrey's Building, Kowloon.

The Captain and Officers of H.M.S. Titania will be "At Home" to all officers of H.M. Dockyard and Establishments, and their friends at 11 a.m. on Saturday, November 2.

The marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Mr. C. W. E. Bishop, P.W.D. Engineer, of 14, Leighton Hill, Happy Valley, and Miss Marjorie M. Hanson, 18, Stanley Terrace, Quarry Bay.

A Concert will be given at the Helena May on Thursday, November 7 at 8.30 p.m. (Classical Music) organised by Madame Bonenfant. Tickets may be booked in advance. Tea must be booked, please ring Matron C. 2160.

We have received from Messrs. Wm. Powell, Ltd., a copy of their latest catalogue, giving full details of the outfitting service of "The Gentlemen's House." The booklet is attractively designed, and copies may be had on application to the management.

A proposal to raffle a bottle of whisky at the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society bazaar at Reading has aroused the indignation of the Rev. R. T. Bell, vicar of St. John's. Draws of this character, he states, are not uncommon in charity functions, but unless the Church is prepared definitely to set her face against them it is more hypocrisy for her to protest against betting and gambling, evils which are so largely on the increase.

According to a trustworthy compilation, the largest life insurance in the whole of the United States is held in the name of Mr. Pierre D. Dupont, a manufacturer in Delaware, whose policies amount to a total of £1,400,000. Ten Americans have policies amounting to £1,000,000 and more, and 312 have policies of more than £250,000. Jack Barrymore, leads his profession, being insured for £400,000, while Douglas Fairbanks, Mary Pickford, and Constance Talmadge are each insured for £300,000.

Mr. Kenzo Koushi, a gifted Japanese painter, who has been staying in Moscow and Leningrad since the spring, has been made a member of the Russian Academy of Arts, the first Japanese to be awarded the highest art medal of Soviet Russia last summer, and his work is highly praised by Messrs. Conchulovsky and Komutsof, famous Russian artists. His works were shown in an exhibition in Moscow recently. No paintings by Japanese artists have ever been exhibited in Russia before, and Mr. Koushi's works attracted much attention.

Germany's thousand million dollar Dye Trust is experimenting on the production of synthetic gas for airships, which if successful, would undermine the United States' position as the only producer of non-inflammable lifting gas. Dr. Leiser Reip, of the Hamburg-America line and representative of the Zeppelin flight, revealed in his recent lecture before the Hamburg Nautical Society that Dye Trust is aiming to produce gas similar to helium. He emphasised that the chief handicap presents is the inflammability of the hydrogen gas used, and that theoretically the present handicap could be offset by using helium, but practically there are many drawbacks in the path. First, the United States is the only producer of helium, secondly even in the United States comparatively limited quantities are produced, and thirdly exporting helium entails much difficulty.

Carl Ludwig von Weltheim, who in the period between the Jameson Raid and the South African War was tried and acquitted of the murder in South Africa of Mr. Woolf Joel, brother of Messrs. Solly and Jack Joel, and who has twice been deported from South Africa, was arrested in Pretoria recently as a prohibited immigrant. He was sentenced to one month's imprisonment, and ordered to be deported on the expiration of his sentence or, if possible, before. Mr. Woolf Joel, who was a member of the firm of Barnato Brothers, was shot in his office in Johannesburg. Von Weltheim managed to convince the jury that his plan of having acted in self-defence was justified, and he was acquitted. Later on he came to England, and in 1910 was sentenced to 20 years' penal servitude for demanding money with menaces from Mr. Solly Joel, the sentence being subsequently reduced by five years. Von Weltheim had served in the Prussian Army, and is a tall man of magnificent physique, and on his indulging in an outbreak of fury on hearing the sentence it was all the warden in the dock could do to overpower him.

## Kailan Cinema Pictures.

At the Star Theatre, Kowloon, last night some very interesting pictures were shown of the Kailan mines—above and below ground. The men's quarters were shown, together with the schools and hospitals, and an institution where young people are instructed in various trades. The pictures of activities underground were more interesting and were of a most instructive character, showing men working at the face, coal being hauled by mules to the shaft, there to be hoisted to the surface. "Everybody" has heard of the Kailan mines, but few have had the opportunity of actually seeing them. These pictures are almost as interesting as an actual visit to the mines, and those who see the film cannot but be impressed by the pictures presented.

## More Women Doctors Wanted.

The decision of various London hospitals to allow only men students at their schools is described in the *British Medical Journal* as "an unsatisfactory state of affairs, which it appears can only be temporary, no satisfactory results of co-education having been brought forward by any of the schools so closing their doors to women." The numbers of full-time women medical students in England, Scotland, and Wales during the past five years were:—

1923-24	2,020
1924-25	1,680
1925-26	1,402
1926-27	1,236
1927-28	1,148

There are at present the names of over 3,000 women on the Medical Register. "Owing to the artificial stimulation of demand for women to enter medicine during the latter part of the war," it is added, "there was, for a short time, a greater number of women qualifying than could be readily absorbed in the various branches of medical work. This was, however, purely transitory, and the demand now is approximately as great as the supply. There is an increasing demand by the public for the services of women doctors in all branches of medicine, and statistics show that the number of those who make good is as high, if not somewhat higher, than that of their men colleagues."

## Plumber and His Daughter's Teeth.

Women and men attended in about equal numbers the tenth annual lecture conference of the Industrial Welfare Society, which was opened at Balliol College, Oxford, last month. Mrs. C. Salmon, honorary organiser of the Employees' Welfare Organisation of Messrs. J. Lyons & Co., said while one marvelled at the tremendous strides that had been made for the comfort and well-being of the worker, all were agreed there was ample scope for improvement. "Frequently, in spite of attempts to improve the health and intelligence of persons working in a factory, you meet with resistance, both active and passive, from relations and home surroundings. It is one of the first duties of the welfare worker to overcome this aversion, caused, as it usually is, by fear engendered by ignorance. The story of the girl who, when asked if she would have her teeth attended to to secure them from the risk of losing her employment, and who replied, 'Father has looked at my mouth and does not find it necessary,' is worthy of note, especially since the girl on being questioned confessed that her father was a plumber." Suggestions as to methods which should be employed for carrying out welfare work with the greatest efficiency were discussed, and among means advocated were sports. "If you can give your directors a good beating at golf," said one speaker, "surely they will have more respect for you, providing you play the game."

## An American Jewish Leader.

The world of Jewry is passing through anxious times, and the death of Mr. Louis Marshall at Zurich comes as a serious additional misfortune, for this American Jew was one of the protagonists of the enlarged Jewish Agency (consisting of Zionists and non-Zionists), which was finally ratified a few weeks ago by the Zionist Congress. He represented non-Zionists in American Jewry, and it was only after a long series of negotiations with Dr. Chaim Weizmann, the Zionist leader, that a pact was reached whereby Zionists and non-Zionists should co-operate in the "upbuilding" of Palestine. Mr. Marshall at no time pretended to be a Jewish Nationalist, and for many years his efforts were concentrated upon alleviating the lot of his co-religionists in Eastern Europe. He was particularly enthusiastic on the Soviet Government scheme for settling Jews in the Crimea, and he was acquainted with a little bitterness between the body of Jews whom he represented and the Zionists who were pouring their all into Palestine. It was therefore a happy day for Jewry generally when Dr. Marshall decided, without relinquishing his interest in the Jews of Eastern Europe, to co-operate with the Zionists in Palestine—a happiness strongly expressed when he was elected chairman of the council of the extended Jewish Agency. His death is a loss to Jewry in Palestine, and a still greater loss to the general cause of Judaism.

James Wood, a youth, was fined two shillings at Sunderland recently for saying the word "bloody" in the street. His solicitor contended that it was a good old English word, used by Shakespeare, and in modern plays, and that, although not Parliamentary, it was not an offence to use unparliamentary language.

Mr. Jack Hylton, who returned to London from the United States recently, stated that he had signed a contract to appear with his band in three talking pictures in Hollywood, his remuneration being £20,000, plus royalties. The ban on foreign musicians in the United States, he said, was due to 60,000 musicians being thrown out of employment through the "talkies."

## Claim to £21,000,000 Estate.

A claim to a fortune of £21,000,000, the Jacques millions, is being made by a Wolston (Warrickshire) man, Mr. James Heywood Edmunds. He has only to find the marriage certificate of his great-grandmother and Jacques to complete his chain of evidence. The Jacques millions, which are now lying in Chancery, were left in the latter part of the eighteenth century by a French Huguenot, Edward Jacques, who carried on business as a silk manufacturer. Mr. Edmunds, who is employed in a celluloid works, is spending his spare time in trying to establish his claim to this vast fortune by proving that his ancestor and Edward Jacques were one and the same person. It appears that another man, Mr. Ernest Henry Rogers, now believed to be residing at Barnet, is also claiming the money, and declares that he is a direct descendant of Jacques. Mr. Edmunds got into touch with Mr. Rogers, and they have agreed upon a division of the proceeds whichever should be successful. Already the claimants have spent several hundred pounds in tracing the missing link.

## "Tramcar Better Than Omnibus."

A vigorous defence of the tramcar as the best and most economic passenger transport vehicle for large towns is forthcoming from Alderman Solomon Stephens, chairman of Plymouth Tramways and Transport Committee. "Tramways have never had a fair deal," he said. "It is time that the respective financial aspects of tramcars, omnibuses, and trolley-cars should be put before the public. The life of the average tramcar is twenty years, while the life of a motor-omnibus is only five years, though a trolley-car usually lasts about eight years. 'It must also be remembered that in Plymouth, for instance, the tramways keep in repair approximately two-thirds of the streets through which they run. They also pay rates on the track and a licence to run. Many charges which should be borne by omnibuses are borne by the tramcars. My recent visit to the United States has convinced me more strongly than ever that the tramcar can still be of service to the community. 'Given equal treatment with motor traffic, tramcars would show a handsome profit, and would be able to carry passengers more cheaply and provide a better service at rush hours.'"

## Looking Back 25 Years.

After the ordinary yearly meeting of shareholders in the Dairy Farm Co., on the 10th prox., an extraordinary general meeting will be held for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit passing a resolution, that the Capital of the Company be increased to \$187,500 by the issue of 15,000 new shares of \$7½ each, and that the directors be authorised to allot such shares *pro rata* among the existing shareholders according to the number of shares for which they may, on the 10th prox. be registered, in the proportion of three new shares for every two shares held by them on that date.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, October 31, 1929.

## Looking Back 50 Years.

"Who has not heard of the immortal Handy Andy? And who does not recollect how, being called upon to ice some champagne, he effected the task without intervention of the glass caskets, in which that queen of liquors is usually contained? But it is left for us to record how a certain Chinese gentleman with whom we are acquainted, being a martyr to agonising periodical gripings in the abdominal region, visiting a European acquaintance and being seized with a slight access of his favourite spasm, was initiated into the mysteries of gingerade as being an anti-spasmodic of some value. As he came round, he expressed himself much impressed with the high character of aerated ginger-beer, alleging that a grateful warmth was produced on all inside surfaces, and regretting that the pharmacopoeia of China does not contain a recipe for preparing ginger in this form. Then, after a few minutes profound thought, he observed that valuable as is gingerade in its cold state, next time his complaint troubled him he would boil a bottle of gingerade, by which means the internal glow imparted would be increased! Should it be our melancholy duty to jot down in a future issue the details of an untimely death caused by a burst bottle of gingerade, the narrative would not be unexpected by our readers.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, October 31, 1929.



## QUESTIONS BEFORE PARLIAMENT.

## THE UNEMPLOYMENT ISSUE.

## RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

## MR. SNOWDEN AS THE LEADER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 29. The House of Commons was crowded for the re-opening after the summer recess.

Mr. Philip Snowden who is acting as leader during Mr. Ramsay MacDonald's absence, was loudly cheered.

A very important item at question time was a series of questions relating to unemployment. Mr. Thomas promised a comprehensive statement. There will be opportunity for discussion early next week.

## Questions Before the House.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, Oct. 29. A long list of questions were down to be answered when Parliament re-assembled to-day.

The most important of them being addressed to the Right Hon. Mr. J. H. Thomas, the Lord Privy Seal and Minister of Unemployment.

Mr. Thomas was invited to make a series of statements concerning the progress made with schemes to relieve unemployment.

## Unemployment Issues.

Answering them in bulk, Mr. Thomas said it was proposed that the vote for his salary should be put down early next week in order to give an opportunity for a full discussion on the subject. He would then make a comprehensive statement. He added that he was more than gratified with the response which he had received from various employers of labour to his request for assistance.

Asked what progress had been made in the promotion of schemes for the electrification of the railways, Mr. Thomas said it was because so much had been done that he wished to make a full statement next week.

Mr. Ben Turner, the Secretary for Mines, announced that the Government hoped to make a statement on Thursday of their proposals for the reduction of the hours of work in the mines.

## Relations With Russia.

Mr. Arthur Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, stated that an opportunity for discussion of the Protocol providing for the resumption of diplomatic relations with Russia, would be given at an early date.

Mr. Gillett, for the Board of Trade, said that under the exports credits guarantee scheme, six contracts of a total value of £138,220 had been entered into with exporters in this country in respect of exports to Russia. The goods, coal, machinery and textiles, and the percentage of the risk accepted by the department was sixty per cent.

Mr. W. Lunn, the Under-Secretary for the Colonies, preferred to defer any general statement on Palestine pending the report of the inquiry now being held into the recent disorders. He said the Colonial Office was prepared to consider the proposal that a conference should be called of representatives of the Arab and Jewish leaders with a view to reaching a settlement.

The Minister of Agriculture announced that grants from the Development Fund in aid of further improvements of fishing harbours, amounting to £20,750 had recently been sanctioned.

The House proceeded with the second reading of the Coast Protection Bill which is designed to co-ordinate the work of local authorities in dealing with coast erosion.

Mr. William Graham, the President of the Board of Trade, introducing the Bill mentioned that it would facilitate grants by the Development Commissioners for works which are at present impracticable and it would thus help to relieve unemployment.

## AN OUTSIDE VIEW.

[United Press.]

LONDON, Oct. 29. All will be quiet on the political front during the session of Parliament which opened to-day.

Members quietly slipped into their seats secure in the knowledge that from now until a few days before Christmas, nothing is likely to disturb unduly the peacefulness of their discussions.

The pomp and circumstance of a State opening were absent from to-day's proceedings, for Parliament merely resumed its session adjourned for the summer vacation. Many members, however, made it

the occasion for a race to see who would be the first to take his seat. At previous sessions members have arrived as early as 5 a.m.

The absence of the Prime Minister put a slight damper on the proceedings, and will continue to do so until he returns at the end of the week. Not until then will the serious business begin, when the Government will have to give an account of its activities during the three months of its reign, and when several problems, both international and domestic, will have to be discussed.

## Give Labour a Chance.

Neither the Conservative nor the Liberal party has yet announced a definite policy for this session, but there is a general inclination to give the Labour party a chance to show its mettle. This is more a matter of common-sense than any desire to be chivalrous, for both Opposition parties feel that nothing could be more inopportune at the present time than an attack on the Government, whose popularity would probably bring it a working majority, should the Opposition be rash enough to force another general election.

This is particularly true of the Conservatives, since Mr. MacDonald has the perfect answer to their attacks in that his Government claims to have done more in three months than the Conservatives did in four years.

## International Problems.

International problems will provide major interest in the autumn session's proceedings. There is the Anglo-American Agreement and the Five-Power Conference to be discussed. Judging from the comments made by prominent members of the Opposition, these discussions will be altogether harmonious.

The optional clause of The Hague Court, and the Finnish project for financial assistance for States which are victims of aggression both of which Britain has accepted, are likely to provide more controversy. Certain sections of Parliament present the problem as to what would happen should the Irish Free State, who has signed the clause without reservations, carry a disputed point with Britain, to The Hague Court, whose Judges would then be called upon to decide in a matter of practically domestic virtue. The chief objection to the Finnish project is that Britain, by reason of being the largest contributor to the League of Nations funds, would also be the largest contributor to the international war chest proposed in the project. Opponents of the project will argue that the British taxpayer's burden is already big enough without the addition of the several millions there is a rumour that the Opposition annually which acceptance of the project involves.

Lastly, internationally speaking, tension may make trouble over the situation in the Near East, particularly the Anglo-Egyptian treaty and the recent fighting in Palestine.

Yet in all these things both the Conservatives and the Liberals will seek rather to sling mud at the Government and aim its present brilliance, than to cause it to fall.

## The Unemployment Problem.

In domestic issues, unemployment stands out as the Government's thorniest problem. This is one thing in which the Opposition claim the Government has not kept its election promises. Nothing, they say, has yet been done to alleviate the situation.

Then again the Government is likely to be divided within itself on this matter. Mr. MacDonald hopes to present the labour schemes for unemployment insurance this session. This, briefly, would mean an increase in the "dole" and, in the nature of things, an increase in the recipients thereof. On the other hand, Mr. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal, and unofficial Minister for Unemployment, has returned from a tour of Canada with a scheme for diminishing unemployment. Political quarters are warring that Thomas's scheme will clash with MacDonald's unemployment insurance.

Mr. Winston Churchill, former Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Mr. L. S. Amery, former Colonial Minister, are expected to lead the Opposition in these discussions, if only because of their visit to Canada and the knowledge of Thomas's plans they are supposed to have gleaned there.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## CHIANG KAI SHEK IN HANKOW.

## CIVIC AND MILITARY RECEPTION.

## BIG WARS COMING?

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

HANKOW, Oct. 30. Chiang Kai Shek arrived here at 4 p.m. while the Chinese gunboats in port roared a salute to the Generalissimo who was greeted by delegates from various civic and military bodies. His reception was somewhat marred by a steady down-pour, which considerably lessened the numbers, and dampened the ardour of crowds who had awaited his arrival since the early morning. He is still aboard the gunboat, accepting greetings, but it is expected he will proceed as soon as possible to his residence, and it is thought he will immediately open a conference with the various military leaders.

## REVISION OF TELEGRAPH CONTRACTS.

## SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, Oct. 30. The report is officially confirmed that the Ministry of Communications will shortly appoint a special committee for the revision of cable and wireless contracts with foreign corporations. A representative of the Ministry of Communications will be the chairman of the committee and the representatives of the Finance Ministry and Foreign Ministry will be the vice-chairmen.

## CANADA AND CHINA.

## DELEGATION APPOINTED FOR INSPECTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MONTREAL, Oct. 29. The Executive Committee of the Canadian Chambers of Commerce have decided to send a representative delegation of Canadian business men to Japan and China in 1930 with a view to the development of Canadian trade with the Orient.

## PIONEER'S DEATH.

## SIR JOSEPH ROBINSON.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 30. The death is announced from Cape Town of Sir Joseph Robinson, a pioneer in the South African diamond goldfields.

## GERMAN TEXTILE FIRM.

## TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, Oct. 30. At a meeting of the creditors of the Gebrüder Zeppert, it was agreed to carry on business, as a minimum quota of 30 per cent. of the total debts are realisable for the distribution of creditors. The liabilities are stated to be ten million marks, and the assets three million.

## The Coal Question.

Other items to be discussed are the coal marketing scheme and miners' hours. The first entails limiting the output of mines in all parts of the country so as to prevent the supply exceeding the demand and thereby regulating prices. The Government hopes to obtain powers to force these mines which are not already within the scheme to submit to this rationalization.

There is a prospect that the Opposition will oppose the scheme on the grounds of interference with liberty of action.

Miners' hours formed one of the Labour promise during the election campaign. The Labour Party bound itself to repeal the Eight Hours Act, and the miners construed this as a pledge to revert to the seven-hour day. Now the Government's mining legislation has revealed that there is no plan to return to the seven-hour day, since the whole coal situation is in such a state that any such step is likely to cause an upheaval or uncertainty which would lead to the loss of contracts. The Opposition is likely to present some awkward questions for the Government to answer on this matter.

The second part of the Finance Bill, originated by Mr. Winston Churchill, is to come up at this session. Little discussion is expected for the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Snowden, has already indicated that he contemplates little or no change in the Bill, except that he expects to lose about £1,000,000 in small concessions to the publicans.

## THE STOCK SLUMP IN U.S.A.

## EXCITING DAY IN WALL STREET.

## A SWEEPING DECLINE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 29. A huge volume of business was transacted immediately the stock market opened in the morning.

Many leading stocks were down as much as ten points.

This has been the most exciting day in Wall Street in which there was never witnessed an opening the same as to-day's.

The first half hour's business exceeded any previous full hour's rally. The trouble set in at eleven but was short-lived and at 12.30 prices corresponded to the opening quotations or lower.

One hour later a sharp upward turn in United States Steel, rallied 171 to 185, and General Electric took a turn from 214 to 244. Morgan announced that many leading banks informed their customers that they would presently require maintenance only of 25 per cent. margin on their loans.

The closing accounts were not settled, although there was a feeling that better prices were in many cases higher than earlier and that the extreme low levels on the rebound were reached impressive proportions in the last hour.

At the finish the United States Steel was down 12, and the American Telephone and Telegraph 28.

American and Foreign Power were down 22. The day's sales registered a new record over 16,000,000 shares.

A ray of sunshine appeared in a statement by the Superintendent of Insurance of New York State who felt that it is justified in recommending that the insurance companies substantially invest their leading stocks at present prices.

## Montreal Collapse.

Reflecting the situation on the New York markets, Montreal and other Canadian exchanges were rocked by wildest storm of liquidation for many years.

Today's transactions on the Montreal market totalling half a million shares constituted a record and there has also been a record loss on paper values, the sum total for a week running to a million dollars.

Indications at the close, however, were that the bottom had been reached and stocks are now generally held in stronger hands than holders on margin who had been forced to unload.

## Tickers Out-Paced.

New York, Oct. 29. A sweeping decline in stocks today pushed the New York market in a turmoil, owing to the irrefragable tide of liquidation by bear selling of all stocks.

The sales reached 9,019,570 shares, the largest figure since the record of 8,246,742 shares on March 23 this year. More than one half of the volume was traded in two hours during the morning.

The tickers were swamped and trailed over an hour behind throughout the day. The bankers' failure to support the market during the forenoon made the situation worse, sending only active stocks to 55 points below the recent highest figure, but the market somewhat rallied in the last hour with the arrival of the bankers' support.

The sales of stocks on the Curb Exchange also set a new record of 3,715,400 shares against the previous record of 3,354,700 shares on July 25 this year.—Osaka Mainichi.

## NOISY NEW YORK.

## BIG JOB FOR EXPERT COMMISSION.

New York, October 21.—With a view to making New York, which is the noisiest city on earth, less noisy, healthful and more tranquil, the City authorities yesterday appointed a Noise Commission, composed of seven specialists, which is the first one of its kind ever organized.

The Commission will endeavour to find means by which it hopes to prevent such noises as loud speakers, unreasonable playing of musical instruments, noisy subway turnstiles, noisy handling of milk cans and such cases, spreading application of automobile brakes, rattling at ungaily house and many other unnecessary noises.

Dr. Shirley Wynn, City's Health Commissioner has outlined the new Commission's work, (1) to revise the existing City ordinances, (2) to study the effects of noises on human beings, (3) scientific research in noise throughout the world, (4) to see what can be done in regard to sound absorbing in the construction of buildings.

It is anticipated that the new Commission's work will bring about many developments, heretofore unknown, regarding the noise problem, setting an example for the whole nation to follow.

## FRENCH CABINET SURPRISE.

## M. DELADIER REFUSES OFFICE.

## A NEW CABINET.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Oct. 30. M. Deladier has abandoned the idea of forming a Cabinet.

Since M. Deladier's decision, the Socialist Parliamentary group have passed a resolution regretting the decision of the National Council, and re-offering Deladier their support. The resolution demands the convocation of a Cabinet.

## Uncertain!

PARIS, Oct. 30. In view of the Socialist Parliamentary group's offer of support M. Deladier has resumed the formation of a Cabinet.

## Final Decision.

M. Deladier has definitely abandoned the idea of forming a Cabinet. It is stated that the support which he reckoned on as a certainty was made subject to political conditions which made it useless to continue.

PARIS, Oct. 30. M. Doumergue summoned M. Briand.

A later report says that the Radical Senator Clementel, has accepted President Doumergue's mandate to form a Cabinet.

M. Briand, upon leaving the Elysee, explained that he was merely discussing the situation with M. Doumergue.

## Fresh Offer of Support.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Oct. 30. Since M. Deladier's decision the Socialist Parliamentary group passed a resolution regretting the decision of the National Council, and re-offering Deladier their support. The resolution demands a convocation on December 7 at a party congress to decide the question of participation of the Cabinet.

## DEFECT IN THE R.101.

## RESUMING TRIALS SHORTLY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, Oct. 30. The defect in the starting engine of the airship R.101 has now been remedied and the airship will resume her trial at the earliest favourable opportunity. She may leave her shed early to-morrow morning.

## AMERICAN STEAMER SINKS.

## EXCITING SCENES.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

KENOSHA, WIS., Oct. 30. Sixty passengers and members of the crew had an exciting rescue from the steamer "Wisconsin," which sank in Lake Michigan, four miles off here in a heavy storm.

Boat loads were rescued and taken to Milwaukee, some being injured and some unconscious.

The captain remained aboard and went down with a score of his mates. His body was picked up later by coastguards. Some of the passengers are still missing.

Nine persons of the steamer "Wisconsin" are dead, four are missing, and 19 have been sent to hospital.

## MAILS LOST.

## "CITY OF ROME" ECHO.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, Oct. 30. The Postmaster General regrets to announce that as a result of the wreck of the Imperial Airways aeroplane, "City of Rome," in the Gulf of Genoa, the whole of the Indian air mail which left Karachi on October 30 and the mails which left Basra and Baghdad on October 23 and Gaze and Alexandria on October 23, are believed to have been destroyed.

## ARRESTS IN RIGA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

RIGA, Oct. 30. Three members of the Church Council of the Ximry (Moscow) were sentenced to death and their property confiscated and others were sentenced from 4 to 10 years' imprisonment on the charge of ringing the churchbells to warn the parishioners of the arrival of the Communists to seize church and convert it to a club.

The parishioners drove off the Communists whereupon seventeen were arrested.

## PENANG'S "LEAN TIMES."

## CHAMBER OF COMMERCE &amp; PORT DEVELOPMENT.

## BAGAN LUAR SCHEME A "COSTLY VISION."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Penang, Oct. 29.—"We are passing through lean and anxious times. With our staple products, tin and rubber, both in the doldrums, trade generally has been attended with much difficulty and at best the results cannot have shown much more than meagre profits all round," said the Hon. J. M. Milne to-day, presiding at the half-yearly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce.

Continuing his resume, Mr. Milne said: "Rubber, in volume, has exceeded our expectations, but fortunately, there has been a satisfactory increase in consumption, and if prices can hardly be said to be at a reasonably profitable level, we are at least taking the strain of the period of adjustment somewhat more easily than was at one time anticipated."

"Tin as round about £200 a ton appears to be a poor proposition, but the diminishing ratio of Chinese to European production may have to give way still further to the steadily increasing efficiency of the expensively-equipped dredge, and it gives food for reflection that in the main, a soundly-capitalised, well-equipped, properly-run dredging proposition can make a fair showing with tin at £200 a ton."

## Piece Goods Business.

"Piece goods business generally, during the period under review, continued on a very moderate scale."

"The total value of imports, excluding coin and bullion, was £80,116,975 for the half year, as compared with £74,649,279 for the corresponding period of 1928, an increase of approximately 7 per cent. The total value of exports, excluding coin and bullion, from January to June was £101,832,499, as against £92,337,300 for the first half of 1927. This increase of over 10 per cent. is practically wholly due to increased rubber shipments, the total export value of tin having remained the same despite the considerable increase in quantity actually shipped."

## Shipping Figures.

"The number of vessels entered and cleared during the half year was 3,254 with an aggregate net registered tonnage of 6,537,788, as against 3,474, with a tonnage of 6,314,015 for the corresponding period of 1928. The exports of tin from Penang to the United Kingdom and the United States during the six months under review amounted to 27,354 tons, as against 24,616 tons for the corresponding period of 1928."

"The total export figures above 29,178 tons and 23,840 tons respectively, but notwithstanding this increase of 2,338 tons, the value at approximately \$52,500,000 remains practically the same as for the first half of 1928."

## Port Development.

Referring to port developments, Mr. Milne said that the Bagan Luar scheme, as they were aware, provided for a deep water wharfage at Bagan Luar on the assumption that spending of further money on the Island could not be justified, owing to the very definite limit set to wharf expansion on this side. Magnificent conception though it might be—the committee felt this was too costly and the Bagan Luar scheme must be treated as a vision which might some day materialise when the population and trade in these parts was much greater than now.

He (the speaker), thought that where the Bagan Luar scheme failed at present was in the comparatively small amount of their local trade, only some 180,000 tons per annum being transported by rail. The bulk of their commerce was distributed by water, and such water distribution could be cared for just as satisfactorily and economically on the Island side—where their commitment already were—as on the mainland side, where fresh commitments at heavy cost would have to be undertaken.

He did not think it was sufficiently realised that Prai wharves even if they had been technically a success in respect of the maintenance of floating depth, would not have justified themselves as an economic proposition, at any rate for many years to come. This, he thought, was sufficient answer to Bagan Luar.

Referring to Weld Quay, the chairman said there must be no halting now and should "foreshore rights" tend to raise an obstruction on barrier to reclamation development, he thought it might be as well to pause and reflect that if they did not conserve their birthright of Weld Quay, its gathering tides might eventually force them to the mainland long before such a course could be justified by the volume of their trade.—Straits Times.

## AMERICAN VESSEL SUNK.

## EXCITING RESCUE SCENE.

## THE MARINE TRADITION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 30. The P. & O. Company have declared a final dividend of 7 per cent, free of tax, making a 12 per cent, dividend for the year.

## GOLD DEPOSITS IN MID-SUMATRA.

## EXPLORER'S VERITABLE ELDORADO.

Medan.—A sensational advertisement in one of the Dutch newspapers from Holland hints at the existence of rich gold deposits in Sumatra. The author is a well-known explorer. He states that he has at last succeeded in discovering the place where enormous rich gold deposits are to be found. The great productivity of Sumatra's mines was the reason why the island in ancient times had the local name of the "Gold Land." In those times the gold appeared on the surface and its collection was an immense source of wealth. The exploitation of the gold was very easy.

The deeper deposits, the writer of the article states, remain untouched and they are possibly much richer than the surface deposits. It seems that the explorer knows the exact position of the gold!

It sounds incredible, but the editors of one of the Dutch-Indian newspapers have declared that they know the explorer to be a reliable and sound man—a professional man who for years has made his explorations in mid-Sumatra. He is now looking for the necessary capital to develop the gold deposits. If his story proves true there may be shortly established in mid-Sumatra a veritable Eldorado.—Straits Times.

## ART SALE THAT COST A LIFE.

## BREAK-UP OF FAMOUS COLLECTION.

An art sale that cost a man's life is to take place in Berlin. It will break up the famous collection of Dr. Eduard Simon, who was the head of one of the leading textile firms in Germany. Art connoisseurs and buyers from all over the world are expected to be present to see the treasures of such artists as Donatello, Riecio, Pisanello, Botticelli, Jan Gossart, Reynolds, Gainsborough, and Romney come under the hammer.

## Tragic Discovery.

The tragedy of Dr. Simon is told in the *Bazaar*. He suffered severe post-war financial losses, and was forced this year to order the sale of the treasures, which had taken him so many years to collect.

"Then, on Saturday, August 10," says the *Bazaar*, "the startling discovery was made that Dr. Simon had committed suicide at his mansion in Victoriastrasse, Berlin. According to a reliable French source, it was probably the idea of seeing his collection broken up which preyed on his mind and brought about his decision to end his life by his own hand."

"There have been collectors before now who have been heartbroken at having to part with their treasures."

"Many refuse to attend their sales so as to avoid the agony of mind it would cause them. Some have bought in all the lots by joining in the bidding themselves, afterwards relieving their financial stress by other means. And there was at least one collector who allowed his collection to be dispersed at present and in the comparatively small amount of their local trade, only some 180,000 tons per annum being transported by rail. The bulk of their commerce was distributed by water, and such water distribution could be cared for just as satisfactorily and economically on the Island side—where their commitment already were—as on the mainland side, where fresh commitments at heavy cost would have to be undertaken."

## CLUB DEFEATS THE ARMY.

## YESTERDAY'S RUGGER.

The Rugby game between the Club and the Army resulted in an overwhelming victory for the former side, the final score being 20-4. The game was very fast and the form shown by the Club men promises a good season for them.

Eleven Arabs were sentenced to fifteen years' hard labour, one to ten years, another to seven years, in connection with the recent disturbances at Safed.

The Chairman of the Commonwealth Bank of Australia announced that he arranged with the Bank of England to ship to England £4,000,000 so as it will be available in London at the end of the year. He added that it was in the best interest of Australia to help to relieve the shortage in London.



# Sports News

## LOCAL FOOTBALL.

### ROYAL NAVY DRAW WITH K.O.S.B.

Yesterday's games in the Hong Kong League resulted as under:—

#### Division I.

Royal Navy..... 1 K.O.S.B. .... 1

#### Division II.

R.N. Res. .... 1 S.L.I. Res. .... 1  
K.O.S.B. Res. .... 1 University .... 0

### K.O.S.B. v. ROYAL NAVY.

The game at Caroline Hill between the Royal Navy and K.O.S.B. was witnessed by a good crowd, and ended in a draw of one goal all. The teams lined out as under:—

Royal Navy:—Jarvis; Spratling and Carey; Churchhouse, Perks and Lambert; Van Tromp, Frith, Kennedy, Kennedy and Dickenson.

K.O.S.B.:—Shears; Gardiner and Martin; Everest, Davey and Skiggs; Torrie, Stock, Reeves, McGlinchey and Alexander.

Referee:—Lieut. Seal, M.C., R.A.

The K.O.S.B. were early attacking and a shot by Reeves gave them the lead. The Navy were not long in arrears for Van Tromp was sent away by Perks and Dickenson meeting a fine centre, headed the ball into the net. Play was fast and the ball travelled up and down the field. Although several chances were offered there was no further scoring, over-keenness on the part of the players spoiling good football, for there were many fouls.

Jarvis the Navy goalkeeper had a rough time during a scramble in the Navy goal area. He fell in clearing a shot and several players were kicking wildly. A free kick relieved. The Navy forwards were better together than the K.O.S.B. but shooting was much below the standard. Reeves was closely watched by Spratling and the K.O.S.B. centre-forward did not get many chances. On two occasions, the Navy handled just outside the penalty area and Reeves taking the shots missed.

### R.N. RES. v. S.L.I. RES.

At Caroline Hill, the above teams played a drawn game the score being one goal all. The Navy opened with a strong attack but wild shooting kept the score down. Clarke sent, in a fast grounder from 25 yards and opened the score for the Navy. The S.L.I. then took up the running but failed to get home.

Half-time: Royal Navy 1; S.L.I. 0

In the second half of the game the S.L.I. had more of the game but failed in front of goal. Sorbie had a good chance to score for the Navy, for there were three players stretched out on the S.L.I. goal-line when Sorbie shot over. D. Guest scored for the S.L.I. and the Navy pressed hard for the winning goal. Just on time C. Guest beat the field but Botle brought off a rattling good save.

Result:—  
Royal Navy ..... 1  
Somerset L.L. .... 1

### K.O.S.B. v. UNIVERSITY.

At Soekunpoo, the K.O.S.B. beat the University by four clear goals. The first goal was scored by C.M. Lee who turned into his own goal to give the K.O.S.B. the lead. Stevens added two before the interval arrived. The second half of the game was very poor, the K.O.S.B. penning the University in their own half but only scoring once, Mason being the marksman.

Result:—  
K.O.S.B. .... 4  
University ..... 1

### TEAM FOR ARMISTICE DAY MATCH.

The following have been chosen to represent the Rest of the Colony against the Services on Armistice Day:—

Pau Ka Ping (South China); Wynne (Police) and C. Pile (Kowloon); Hedder (Kowloon), Hudson (Police) and Lam Yuk Ying (China Athletic); Tung Kwai Shing (China Athletic); Fung King Cheong (South China); Goldman (H.K.F.C.); Dr. Valentine (Police) and Ip Pak Wa (South China).

Reserves:—Li Tin Sang (South China); McGraw (Police); Watson (H.K.F.C.); B. Gosno (Club de Recreation); T. Pile and Miles Kowloon.

## LAWN TENNIS.

### MIXED DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

#### SEMI-FINAL STAGE.

The concluding rounds of the Open Mixed Doubles Championship of the Colony have been reached, and the players have arrived at the semi-final stages. Surviving pairs of the second round are:—

(1) Miss Enid Lo and M. K. Lo, who beat Mrs. Chiu and Ho Ka Lau, 7-5, 6-2.

(2) Mrs. Tottenham and Major Lucas, who beat Mrs. Gull and H. D. Rumjahn, 6-2, 6-4.

(3) Mrs. Sayer and E. C. Fincher, who beat Mrs. McCaw and T. Lay, 6-0, 6-1.

(4) Mrs. Taylor and J. S. McEachran, who beat Mrs. Bradbury and H. Lo, 6-2, 6-3.

#### Semi-finals on Sunday.

On the Chinese Recreation Club courts on Sunday, the 3rd prox., the semi-finals matches will be decided as follows:—

Mrs. Enid Lo and M. K. Lo v. Mrs. Tottenham and Major Lucas.

Mrs. Sayer and E. C. Fincher v. Mrs. Taylor and J. S. McEachran.

## CRICKET.

### I.R.C. v. RECREIO.

The following will represent the Indian Recreation Club in their second division league match with the Club de Recreio to be played at King's Park on Saturday, commencing at 2 p.m. sharp:—

M. P. Madar (captain), H. T. Barma, A. R. Sufian, A. M. Rumjahn, F. M. el Arculli, D. Mohamud, N. B. Kitchell, A. K. Ismail, Salim Ismail, A. R. Ismail and B. R. Irani. Reserve: J. S. Ackber. Scorer: M. Y. Adal.

## V.R.C. SOCIAL.

### PRESENTATION OF PRIZES.

An informal social evening will be held at the V.R.C. on Saturday, November 2, commencing at 9 p.m., at which the Championship prizes won during the swimming season will be presented.

## BOXING ERROR.

### SUSPENSION PRONOUNCED A MISTAKE.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]  
New York, Oct. 29. It appears that the British Boxing Board of Control acted under a misapprehension when they ordered the suspension of the British champion of Ernie Jarvis, the manager Levine, and the referee, Mr. Matt Wells, following the contest at the Stadium between Jarvis and Frankie Genaro.

It now seems that the New York State Athletic Commission reinstated Genaro prior to his fight with Jarvis, but omitted to inform the British Board of Control.

## MICKEY WALKER WINS.

### TERRIFIC BATTLE WITH HUDKINS.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]  
LOS ANGELES, Oct. 29. In a ten-round contest here today, Mickey Walker, world's champion, outpointed Ace Hudkins of Nebraska, who received terrific punishment.

A Protest.  
It is learned from Providence, R.I., that the National Boxing Association suspended Walker, Hudkins, and Jack Kearns, who is Walker's manager. The association last month declared that Walker's title was vacant.

He, however, refuses to recognize that the fight was for the title.

## CAMBRIDGESHIRE RESULT.

### ANOTHER WIN FOR AN OUTSIDER.

[SHARON ROUTE'S AGENCY.]  
London, Oct. 29. The result of the Cambridge shire, run to-day, was as follows:—

1. Double Life.  
2. Va. Tent.  
3. Palais Royal II.

Won by a neck; one head. There were 26 runners.

Betting:—Double Life 20/1; Va. Tent 50/1; Palais Royal II. 100/6.

## WALTER HAMMOND ON "CAPTAINCY."

### CULTIVATE THE SPIRIT OF ADVENTURE.

#### COURAGE PAYS: ALWAYS BE ALERT.

Writing to a London paper Walter Hammond says:—"We have had a spell of rainy weather to interfere with the county cricket championship at a most critical stage. As the weather has treated most of the counties alike, however, not one of the leading sides has been able to steal a march on the others. The struggle remains open as ever. We of Gloucestershire still think how comfortable we have been at the head of the table if only we had beaten Nottingham instead of their defeating us by six runs."

In-and-out weather means a problem for the captain who wins the toss. There are times when the skipper must have a kind of secret hope that he loses, so that the responsibility of the decision is moved from his shoulders. In the latter part of last week two captains, those of Middlesex and Surrey, put their opponents in first after winning the toss. Doubles Nigel Haig and Percy Fender watched the outcome anxiously.

#### Judge By Results.

The trouble is, of course, that people are so apt to judge by results, to consider the captain right or wrong according to how the match passes out. There was a notable instance of this during the Tests of 1925.

The England captain, Arthur Carr, won the toss, and put the Australians in. Maurice Tate got Bardsley's wicket with the first ball of the match, and might also have had Charlie Macartney in the first over. I am prepared to wager that at the end of that first over every one present was saying the England skipper had taken the proper course.

But Macartney, having escaped, went on to score a hundred before lunch. Australia ran up a big score, and England had to fight very hard to escape defeat. Then the critics said that the England captain had made a mistake.

There are few people, if any, who can tell just how a pitch will play by looking at it. It is only when you are out in the middle trying to do things that you really know. It was W. G. Grace, I think, who laid down this guiding principle for captains: "There are occasions when a captain should consider the advisability of putting in the 'other team to bat, but he should never do it."

Let us be careful, however, not to say anything to discourage the spirit of adventure in the captains of county cricket. There is more of it wanted—not less. It is possible there would be much less talk about the need for brighter cricket if captains were more precise in the instructions given to the players, and if the players felt that they would not suffer by carrying out instructions.

## CHALLENGE OF WOMEN JURORS.

### JUDGE DENOUNCES AN "ANACHRONISM."

Strong views on the subject of the challenge of women jurors were recently expressed at the Old Bailey by Sir Ernest Wild, K.C., the Recorder.

He urged that "an antiquated power" of the object of Parliament in authorising women to assist in the administration of justice was defeated.

Counsel in a case where a man was charged with a grave offence against a girl of eight had objected to women serving on the jury.

Sir Ernest Wild, at his conclusion, said that this question should be brought to the attention of Parliament. It was a curious anachronism that arose from the time when forfeiture of goods and life could follow a conviction for felony. In such a charge a prisoner was entitled to twenty peremptory challenges for which he need give no ground whatever.

An Anachronism.  
While this challenge could be made in the case of stealing a fowl, it could not be made in a case of criminal libel, incest, or other grave misdemeanour without stating the cause.

"This is an anachronism," he added, "that ought to be attended to by proper authorities, especially when use is made of it for the purpose of defeating the express opinion of Parliament that women should be allowed to assist in the administration of justice."

Jurors had been objected to in that case because they were women, and it meant that counsel, by exercising this antiquated power, was preventing women from assisting at all. Moreover, in that particular case they would have derived the greatest advantage from the presence of women on the jury because they understood children as well as, or better than, men."

Captains must be on the alert to force home an advantage by changing the batting order and that kind of thing. Courage pays.

I was interested the other day to hear there had been a definite proposal, something to the effect: "That the editors of newspapers be asked not to publish batting or bowling averages during the actual season." I suppose this is another of the brighter cricket ideas, the assumption behind the suggestion being that cricketers play for their figures rather than for the side.

This proposition to abolish averages interests me for more than one reason. I wonder, for instance, what the editors of newspapers would say if they were asked not to publish the averages? Suppose they refused to accede to such a request? They could not be forced to leave them out.

#### No Differences.

I also feel that, even if the newspapers could be persuaded not to publish averages until the end of the season, the effect would be towards harm rather than good. The county clubs—fortunately or unfortunately—depend in part for their existence on "gate" money. The interest of the public is increased, surely, by the publicity given to the game. Newspapers would not give the space to averages if they did not think their readers liked to study them.

As regards the possible effect of figures on the play, I do not believe they make a scrap of difference. I have never yet come across a cricketer who rejoiced a lot because he had jumped up several places in the averages. And I certainly have not met a cricketer who, going in to bat, said to himself, "I must make so many runs to take me to the top of the averages."

There are plenty of items connected with cricket which arouse interest without being in any sense harmful. As it happened, I just managed to be first to complete 2,000 runs this season. "Dodger" Whysall would probably have beaten me if Notts had batted on the same day as I completed my 2,000. We have now been joined by R. E. S. Wyatt, of Warwickshire, who has had a most successful season.

Mention of Whysall reminds me of a good story of his early days. He was playing for the Nottingham second team against Staffordshire, and was very severe on the bowlers. After an over in which the ball had been banged to the boundary in different directions, one of the Staffordshire players said to Whysall: "Do you know who that bowler is?"

The answer was: "No." "Well, it is Sid Barnes." "Oh!" said Whysall, "if that's Barnes I wish they would put him on at the other end as well."

The plans have been approved, and details are now being worked out, for the new pier at Singapore which is to be built to replace the old pier, which has been inadequate for the handling of the new pier, which will have a large entrance hall and loggia, and will accommodate six launches, three on each side. There will also be a ceremonial landing place at the seaward end.

The site is opposite Change Alley, half way between the present pier and the site of the former temporary Post Office. It will be approximately five or six times the size of the present pier. The dimensions are 244 feet by 80 feet. The height of the entrance archway will be 42 feet. When completed, the pier will have an imposing frontage, and the entrance will lead to a loggia with an area of 2,300 square feet. In the centre of the pier will stand newspaper racks and money-changers' offices.

Ceremonial Landings.  
An imposing spectacle will be presented to the gaze of incoming passengers. Four great arc lamps, similar to those installed on either side of the Municipal offices, will illuminate the seaward end of the pier. This part of the pier will be used as a ceremonial landing place for Ordinary traffic from ships in the roads. The side elevation of the structure will appear to incoming passengers as one long series of arches, ten in all.

The original scheme for building a new pier was mooted fifteen years ago, and successive plans have been brought forward and rejected since then. The new pier will be built entirely of reinforced concrete, and the work will take two years to complete. The estimated cost is \$468,000.

## STRANGE RIDDLE OF THREE MURDERS.

### ECHO OF WAR-TIME ANARCHIST PLOT.

Frederick Rigaudin, the thirty-three-year-old Paris accountant, whose body was found at Lille station recently in a wicker basket which had been despatched from the Nord station in Paris, is believed to be the third victim of an unknown stranger. The other two were his mother and a sister, personally named Almyreda, in whose service the old woman had been.

The mother, Mme. Blanc, a widow of seventy-seven, was found strangled in her Paris flat, and to this day the police have been unable to lay their hands on the murderer or discover the motive of the "crime." The son was also strangled and his face had been disfigured beyond recognition. Here again the police are confronted with a baffling problem of motive. Robert seems to be ruled out, as the accountant was earning only a modest salary, and so far, there is no proof that he had access to funds or negotiable effects.

#### Police Theory.

The police even thus early in their investigations are inclined to the theory that Rigaudin knew his mother's murderer, and was put out of the way because of this knowledge, especially as he is known to have vowed to avenge his parent's death.

Statements supporting this theory were later obtained by the police from two different persons who knew Rigaudin. One of these declared to the police that when shortly before his tragic death he questioned Rigaudin on his morose and downcast manner, the latter replied: "It is because I am afraid of being assassinated like my mother."

Mme. Blanc, his mother, was for years connected actively with anarchist circles in France. It is a grim coincidence that Miguel Almyreda, one of the most prominent members of the notorious Bonnet-Rouge gang, whose capture during the war revealed one of the worst political and defamatory scandals in France, was also found strangled in his prison cell. Mme. Blanc was his devoted housekeeper for many years.

#### Important Link.

Among these callers was a woman dressed in black, who, when she heard of his absence, said to the caretaker: "Tell him it was the woman of last Saturday."

The same day a number of young men, believed to have been foreigners, called and asked for Rigaudin. They left saying they would return on the following Tuesday.

At midnight the day the body was found at Lille, a young man woke up the caretaker and said he was a friend of Rigaudin and had come to sleep in his apartment. When the caretaker told the mid-night visitor that Rigaudin's dead body had been found in a wicker basket he rushed from the building without uttering a word.

The police are now delving further into the dead man's past in the belief that they will be able to establish that the tragedy was a crime of vengeance. An important link in the chain of evidence, it is thought, can be supplied by a taxi-driver who drove the person registering the wicker basket with its sinister contents to the Paris railway station, and who must have helped lift it from the cab. So far the driver has failed to come forth.

#### Convict Attendant.

Almyreda was a sinister character and one of the editors of the defeatist newspaper, *Bonnet Rouge*.

## A MURDERER'S STOICISM.

### SINGAPORE CHINESE AND INDIAN LOVER.

"I have committed this crime. I do not want to dispute any points. I did it on account of the provocation and oppression of the woman who has given evidence. I do not want a counsel to defend me. I am prepared to suffer for it."

This statement was made by Noor Ahmad, an elderly Indian Mohammedan, the Singapore Coroner yesterday when sent for trial on a charge of murdering an 18-year-old Chinese girl at Geylang.

The woman referred to was the foster mother of the deceased. She stated that Noor Ahmad had said that he was sorry he had killed the girl and that he had meant to murder her.

Noor Ahmad told the Coroner that the girl had been his mistress for three years and had borne him

which was suppressed during the war by the French Government, but not until he had obtained enormous sums of money from the secret funds at the disposal of the French Home Office.

Almyreda, because of his shattered health, was sent to the hospital prison at Fresnes, where one of his attendants was a convict. He was found strangled with a bootlace, and carried to his grave many dark secrets left over from the war.

Young Rigaudin, who lived with his mother, knew of her close connections with the anarchist, and may also have suspected that she was killed because of the secrets she held. It would seem, according to the police theory, logical to assume that the son also was killed to the same mysterious way, because of the secret he himself carried with him.

On the eve of the day he disappeared Rigaudin received an express letter, and after his disappearance there were a number of mysterious callers at the flat in which he lived and in which his mother had met her death.

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## TWO SKULLS IN A GARDEN.



## WORKING CONDITIONS IN ITALY.

INTERESTING DEVELOPMENTS OF PRACTICAL NATURE.

RESULT OF THE NEW SYNDICAL LAW.

## DELEGATES POSTED IN FACTORIES.

[United Press.]

Rome.—An interesting development in a practical nature has arisen in the workings of the Italian syndical law which regulates the working conditions and pay of the operatives, the duties and responsibilities of the employers, and the relations between masters and men.

A good deal of talk has been lately heard of a new figure in the industrial workshops of the country. This is the so-called "workshop fiduciary," sometimes also called "workshop" correspondent, or factory delegate.

## "Factory Delegate."

A polemic of considerable proportions is at present turning round the right, or otherwise, of this new factory personality to exist.

As a matter of fact, he does exist, though so far without any state authority, and it is expected that Mussolini will at an early date declare whether or not the "workshop fiduciary" or "factory delegate" is to be allowed to continue or to be suppressed.

The functions and duties of the "factory delegate" are to act as a sort of liaison officer between the workers and the workers' syndicate which represent them.

The delegate is always a workman engaged in the particular factory which he represents, whereas, the syndicate, appointed by the government under the celebrated "corporation" laws often has its office at some distance from the factory or workshop, and often indeed in another city entirely.

## Reasonable Demand.

For this reason, the workmen of Italy are demanding that they should have a representative on the spot, who can follow the daily incidents and routine of the factory and make the due complaints to the syndicate to which the factory is attached of any non-observance of the labour contract or other obligations on the part of employers and masters of the factory.

In general, the owners and heads of factories and workshops are opposed to the idea of the workers' delegate. They declare that he is not necessary, as the workers' interests are duly and most amply cared for under the complicated system of the syndical and corpora-

tion laws. The employers urge that the introduction of this personage into the factories is even against the principles of the syndical laws which are considered one of the basic supports of the Fascist regime.

It has even been suggested that the workers' delegate or "workshop fiduciary" have a certain kinship to the old "workmen's internal commissions" which flourished with political utility during the pre-Fascist regime.

## Vigorous Denial.

This is vigorously denied by the workmen and their delegates, who state that the presence of the workers' delegate in the factory is a matter of simple convenience, and has no political significance whatever.

The workers urge in favour of the recognition by the state of the workers' delegates inside the factories that it is a practical impossibility for the operatives to have frequent and regular recourse to their syndicate in case of need. They allege that when they finish their day's work, they cannot spend several hours in travelling to their official syndicate to report some trifling non-observance in the working rules of the factory to their proper representatives.

They further point out that the clerical personnel of the syndicates is not in a position to handle a number of claims complaints and representations regarding such matters as over-time, insurance, premiums, vacations, etc., in the time available to workmen after their daily labours.

The Press is somewhat divided on the subject, but there is generally a tendency to consider the new institution favourably.

In practice, the workers' delegates are already carrying out their duties in numerous factories, with the tolerance, and sometimes with the tacit approval of the masters, who recognize their usefulness.

The whole matter will probably come up for discussion in one of the meetings of the Fascist Grand Council, which begin next month. The Duke will then make a pronouncement whether these factory intermediaries are to be given a judicial position or to be forbidden.

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"DRIEST" TOWNS IN  
BRITAIN.CHAMPIONS OF THE SOBRIETY  
CENSUS.

The soberest towns in England are Plymouth and Walsall; the "blackest," so far as drunkenness statistics are concerned, Blackpool, Brighton, and Hastings.

The cotton town of Bulf, which used to be twenty-third on the sobriety table, made a gallant fight in 1928 and rose to fourth place. So much is revealed in licensing statistics, which were issued as a Bluebook last month. They make it clear at the outset that there has been a steady decrease in drunkenness and in the number of public-houses, and an increase in offences and clubs—all these for the second year in succession.

At the beginning of 1928 there were in England and Wales 79,603 inns and hotels, 22,169 off-licences and 12,776 registered clubs. In twenty-five years clubs have increased by 6,044, and on-licences have decreased by 20,875.

## Week-end Arrests.

All these figures are in themselves proof of the more temperate habits of the people; and, in addition, it is stated that convictions for drunkenness last year were at a lower level than in any years since 1918, the figures being 55,642, a decrease of 8,594 on 1927. February was the only "black" month showing a slight increase.

Both in England and Wales 60 per cent. of the arrests leading to convictions for drunkenness took place at week-ends, the worst towns being seaside resorts. Eighty-four per cent. were men, representing 40 per cent. of the population, and 16 per cent. women, representing 1 per cent. of the population aged twenty-one and over.

In London there were 20,440 "drunk" convictions last year, as compared with 24,553 in the year before the war. The industrial areas of Lancashire and the Midlands show even more striking decreases of 38,633 to 2,017 and 17,209 to 5,114 respectively.

One serious aspect of the report is that methylated spirit drinking is on the increase by 4 per cent., from 428 in 1927 to 446 in 1928.

REVOLT AMONG CLERGY-  
MEN.VICAR WARNS GIRLS NOT TO  
MARRY ONE.

Revolt occurred among the clergy last month in England when two vicars published protesting letters to their parishioners. The cases are as follows:—

I. "Girls, never marry a parson. You will get all the difficulties of life without the compensations." This is the postscript to the letter by the Rev. A. W. Orr, vicar of St. Paul's, Kingston Hill, Surrey. The letter draws a melancholy picture of the financial burdens borne by the average clergyman.

Mr. Orr refers to "a man with £200 a year appears comfortably off until you see that he is, living in a house that none would take unless they possessed £1,000 a year."

II. Chorley Wood, the most peaceful of prosperous villages scattered between a railway station and a famous common, is roused. The vicar, the Rev. W. E. Woodhams Denham, writes:—

"I feel a strong protest should be made concerning the attitude of those who are nominally members of the Church of England and yet who consistently ignore her active work and teaching. The clergy are only too ready to be of service, myself included, but is it fair, is it just, is it cricket, is it playing the game, that support, both moral and material, should always be left to the comparative few?"

Mr. Denham, commenting on the failure of appeals to people to come to church, declares: "Excuses are fabricated only to evade the supreme issue—the essential matter. Sometimes it is the weather, either too hot, too cold, or too wet; Sunday recreation, inconvenient times of service; Sunday visitors; or again, length of sermons or a cold church."

Highbury wife: If my husband hears that I have been here he will hop off again.

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THE THEATRE IN  
BERLIN.

FIVE NEW PRODUCERS.

ATTEMPTING A RENAISSANCE.

[United Press.]

Berlin.—Five men, each doubtless nursing a secret hope that he may turn out to be another Saltenburg, a Barnowsky or a Reinhardt, made their debuts as producers at the opening of Berlin's new theatrical season. The advent of so many new theatre directors at one time has given rise to much comment on the part of the dramatic critics, but while none of the commentators has gone so far as to predict spectacular futures for the five men, all are agreed that their appearance at this time gives promise of one of the most successful seasons in Berlin since the war.

All of the men were more or less well known before taking over their new tasks. All have gone about this work as though they were well acquainted with the needs of Berlin's playhouses, have renovated and modernized their theatres, have engaged new players, and have reached out for plays of a sort which might be expected to give them a running start. Dr. Robert Klein, for example, began with "Journey's End," the sensational British war drama, which he put on at the Deutsches Kuenstler Theatre under the title, "The Other Side."

Reinhardt's Followers. Klein has perhaps the largest following of at least the widest reputation of the group. He was able to build up a name for himself as the right hand man of Reinhardt, and several times had been given complete charge of the Reinhardt houses in Berlin while the latter was absent in the United States, Vienna or Salzburg.

Previously, Klein had been associated with Saltenburg. About five years ago he took over the direction of the Deutsches Theatre for Reinhardt and in one year had wiped out the deficit of a million gold marks which that house had incurred during the inflation. The theatres which he is now operating as an independent producer include the Deutsches Kuenstler and the Berliner.

Unlike Klein, who has always been connected with the production end of the business, Karlheinz Martin, the new director of the Volksbuehne, began his career as a writer of comedies, becoming a stage director in Frankfurt a little over ten years ago. In 1919 he established the Tribune Theatre with Franz Wenzler and since then has been employed in staging important plays in all the leading theatres of Berlin as well as in Vienna and Budapest.

A year ago he put on "The Death of Danton," in a Budapest house and he selected this piece by George Buchner for his debut as the producer at the Volksbuehne. Martin was also at one time associated with both Barnowsky and Saltenburg.

Joachim von Ostau, the new producer at the Neues Theatre am Zoo, started out as an actor. Not proving a dazzling success, he turned to playwriting and, failing here again, it was but a step to a job as stage manager. It was a matter of but a few years before he took over the Neues Theatre. Leo Walther Stein, former actor, former playwright, and former director of theatres in Posen, Bromberg and other cities, is the new producer at the Trianon. Stein's plays were almost invariably successful, while "Die Seige Exzellenz" at one time was known and shown in theatres all over the world.

Dr. Kurt Behrendt, who first dabbled in literature and then turned to journalism, has taken over the Thalia, where he opened the season with one of Sudermann's pieces, "Der Hasenellhaendler."

BROUGHT BACK FROM  
DEATH.PATIENT RETURNS TO LIFE  
FOR SEVEN HOURS.

"It is a remarkable case, in which this man was really brought back from death to life, and lived for a number of hours. It shows the value of heart massage."

Mr. Lighty Odie, the coroner, made this statement at a recent Westminster inquest on Mr. George Arnold Jones, aged thirty-two, a solicitor, of Gower-street, who died while under the influence of chloroform given for the purpose of an operation in Westminster Hospital. It was stated that at 10.40 a.m. Mr. Jones' pulse and respiration ceased. Artificial respiration was tried for a quarter of an hour, but this was not successful, and surgeon made an incision and massaged the heart with his hands. The heart began to beat again a few minutes later, and ten minutes afterwards respiration restarted.

Mr. Jones was taken back to the ward. Oxygen was administered continually, and he lived until 6.20 p.m. Dr. H. B. Weir said that the cause of death was syncope and shock during chronic anaesthesia. The coroner recorded a verdict of "Death by misadventure."







## ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

## ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## AMOI.

Haining, Douglas, Nov. 1.  
Talmu, B.I., Nov. 1.  
Antung, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Nov. 4.  
Haining, Douglas, Nov. 5.  
Linan, B. & S., Nov. 6.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Nov. 6.  
Haining, Douglas, Nov. 8.  
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 9.  
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 10.  
Tjileboet, J.C.J.L., Nov. 11.  
Taktiwa, B.I., Nov. 17.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 19.  
Namsang, Jardine's, Nov. 27.

## ANTWERP.

Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 2.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Nellore, E. & A., Nov. 1.  
Taiping, B. & S., Nov. 15.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.  
Tanda, E. & A., Nov. 29.

## BALTIQ PORTS.

Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.

## BALTIMORE.

Glenbank, Bank, Nov. 2.

## BANGKOK.

Hellas, Thoresen, Nov. 3.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Nov. 5.  
Helios, Thoresen, Nov. 10.  
Kaying, B. & S., Nov. 10.  
Hirundo, Thoresen, Nov. 17.  
Hiram, Thoresen, Nov. 24.

## BELAWAN DELI.

Glenbank, Bank, Nov. 2.  
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Nov. 7.  
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.

## BOMBAY.

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 31.  
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.  
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 19.

## BOSTON.

Glenbank, Bank, Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
British Prince, Furness, Nov. 6.  
Tsuayama Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 9.  
Penrith Castle, Dodwell's, Nov. 18.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Japanese Prince, Furness, Nov. 19.  
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## BRISBANE.

Afrika, Manners, Oct. 31.  
Main, Melchers, Nov. 3.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.

## BRISIDISL.

Rosandra, Dwell's, Nov. 2.  
Romolo, Dwell's, Nov. 30.

## CALCUTTA.

Suisang, Jardine's, Nov. 5.  
Takada, B.I., Nov. 6.  
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 16.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 18.  
Shirala, B.I., Nov. 19.  
Talmu, B.I., Nov. 22.

## CEBU.

Michigan, S.S.S., Nov. 5.  
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Nov. 10.  
Bellingham, S.S.S., Nov. 16.  
Nevada, S.S.S., Nov. 20.

## CHEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## COLOMBO.

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 31.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 2.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Andre Lebon, M.M., Nov. 5.  
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 8.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Kidderpore, P. & O., Nov. 19.  
Porthos, B. & S., Nov. 23.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.

## COPENHAGEN.

Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.

## DALNY.

Linan, B. & S., Nov. 6.  
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.  
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

## DUTCH PORTS.

Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 2.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Nov. 2.  
City of Melbourne, Bank, Nov. 9.  
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 18.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 29.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.

## FOOCHOW.

Haining, Douglas, Nov. 1.  
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 5.  
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 8.  
Chiphing, Jardine's, Nov. 15.

## GENOA.

Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Autolyceus, B.F., Nov. 20.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## GLASGOW.

Autolyceus, B.F., Nov. 20.  
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 29.

## GOTHENBURG.

Afrika, Manners, Oct. 31.

## HAIKONG AND HOIHOW.

Cheking, B. & S., Oct. 31.  
Canton, M.M., Nov. 3/4.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Nov. 5.  
Tonkin, M.M., Nov. 5.

## HAMBURG.

Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.  
City of Melbourne, Bank, Nov. 9.  
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 18.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 29.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.

## HAVRE.

Autolyceus, B.F., Nov. 20.

## HONOLULU.

Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.

## ILOILO.

Michigan, S.S.S., Nov. 5.  
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Nov. 10.  
Bellingham, S.S.S., Nov. 18.  
Nevada, S.S.S., Nov. 20.

## JAPAN PORTS.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Oct. 31.  
Malaya, Manners, Oct. 31.  
Anchises, B.F., Nov. 1.  
Talmu, B.I., Nov. 1.  
Lahn, Melchers, Nov. 2.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 4.  
Murotsu Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 4.  
Chenonceaux, M.M., Nov. 5.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Nov. 5.  
Tanda, E. & A., Nov. 5.  
Venezia, Dwell's, Nov. 7.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 8.  
Diomed, B.F., Nov. 9.  
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 9.  
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Nov. 9.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 10.  
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 10.  
Alipore, P. & O., Nov. 11.  
Lahore, P. & O., Nov. 11.  
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 17.  
Taktiwa, B.I., Nov. 17.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 19.  
Canton, Gilman's, Nov. 19.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 19.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 19.  
Ammon, J.C.J.L., Nov. 20.  
Khyber, P. & O., Nov. 21.  
Malwa, P. & O., Nov. 21.  
Tyndareus, B.F., Nov. 23.  
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.  
Radnorshire, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Danmark, Manners, Nov. 23.  
Himalaya, Dwell's, Nov. 23.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 23.  
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.  
Hosang, Jardine's, Nov. 27.  
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., Nov. 27.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.  
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

## KATOW.

Michigan, S.S.S., Nov. 5.  
Golden Sun, S.S.S., Nov. 10.  
Bellingham, S.S.S., Nov. 16.  
Nevada, S.S.S., Nov. 20.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

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Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

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Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

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Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

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Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## KUEICHOW.

Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## MARSEILLES.

Calchas, B.F., Nov. 2.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 3.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Andre Lebon, M.M., Nov. 5.  
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 8.  
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Toyooka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 15.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Portos, B. & S., Nov. 19.  
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Sarpedon, B.F., Nov. 29.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## NAPLES.

Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 10.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## NEW HONGKONG.

Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 1.  
Linan, B. & S., Nov. 6.

## NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Glenbank, Bank, Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
British Prince, Furness, Nov. 6.  
Tsuayama Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 9.  
Penrith Castle, Dodwell's, Nov. 18.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.  
Japanese Prince, Furness, Nov. 19.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## NORTH CHINA.

Lahn, Melchers, Nov. 3.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 10.  
Ammon, J.C.J.L., Nov. 20.  
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.  
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

## OSLO.

Afrika, Manners, Oct. 31.  
Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 18.

## PACAMA.

Tsuayama Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 9.  
Asuka Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 20.

## PENANG.

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 31.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 2.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Nov. 5.  
Takada, B.I., Nov. 6.  
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Nov. 7.  
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.  
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 18.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 18.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Porthos, B. & S., Nov. 19.  
Shirala, B.I., Nov. 19.  
Talmu, B.I., Nov. 22.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## PORTLAND.

Kentucky, S.S.S., Nov. 2.  
Carlier, Bank, Nov. 5.  
Washington, S.S.S., Nov. 16.

## RAEAL.

Bremerhaven, Melchers, Nov. 8.

## RANGOON.

Takada, B.I., Nov. 6.  
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 18.

## SAIGON.

Andre Lebon, M.M., Nov. 5.  
Porthos, M.M., Nov. 19.

## SANDAKAN.

Nellore, E. & A., Nov. 1.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 7.  
Hinsang, Jardine's, Nov. 20.  
Tanda, E. & A., Nov. 29.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

Kentucky, S.S.S., Nov. 2.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Nov. 5.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.  
Washington, S.S.S., Nov. 16.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 19.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.

## SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.  
Shantung, Gilman's, Nov. 18.

## SEATTLE.

Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 4.  
Carlier, Bank, Nov. 5.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 23.

## SHANGHAI.

Chengtu, B. & S., Oct. 31.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Oct. 31.  
Malaya, Manners, Oct. 31.  
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 31.  
Anchises, B.F., Nov. 1.  
Ningpo, B. & S., Nov. 1.  
Talmu, B.I., Nov. 1.  
Lahn, Melchers, Nov. 2.  
Luchow, B. & S., Nov. 2.  
Foonching, Jardine's, Nov. 3.  
Soochow, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 4.  
Chenonceaux, M.M., Nov. 5.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Nov. 5.  
Shantung, B. & S., Nov. 5.  
Tanda, E. & A., Nov. 5.  
Linan, B. & S., Nov. 6.

## SHANGHAI—(Continued).

Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Nov. 6.  
Waishing, Jardine's, Nov. 6.  
Teau, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Venezia, Dwell's, Nov. 7.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 8.  
Diomed, B.F., Nov. 9.  
Rawalpindi, P. & O., Nov. 9.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.  
Saarland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 10.  
Tottori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 10.  
Lahore, P. & O., Nov. 11.  
Suwa Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.  
Hansang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 13.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 17.  
Athos II, M.M., Nov. 18.  
Canton, Gilman's, Nov. 19.  
Kutsang, Jardine's, Nov. 19.  
Pres. Taft, Dollar, Nov. 19.  
Ammon, J.C.J.L., Nov. 20.  
Khyber, P. & O., Nov. 21.  
Malwa, P. & O., Nov. 21.  
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.  
Radnorshire, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Danmark, Manners, Nov. 23.  
Himalaya, Dwell's, Nov. 23.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 23.  
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.  
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 27.  
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., Nov. 27.  
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

## SINGAPORE.

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Oct. 31.  
Afrika, Manners, Nov. 1.  
Katori Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 2.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Nov. 2.  
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, Nov. 3.  
Andre Lebon, M.M., Nov. 5.  
Kwangtung, B. & S., Nov. 5.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Nov. 5.  
Van Heutz, J.C.J.L., Nov. 7.  
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 8.  
Macedonia, P. & O., Nov. 9.  
Main, Melchers, Nov. 9.  
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 10.  
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 11.  
Sauerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 14.  
Atsuta Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 16.  
Kumsang, Jardine's, Nov. 18.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 18.  
Trier, Melchers, Nov. 18.  
Pres. Monroe, Dollar, Nov. 17.  
Porthos, B. & S., Nov. 19.  
Shirala, B.I., Nov. 19.  
Talmu, B.I., Nov. 22.  
Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 23.  
Kashgar, P. & O., Nov. 23.  
Kulmerland, J.C.J.L., Nov. 23.  
Pfalz, Melchers, Nov. 29.  
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Dec. 1.

## SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 2.

## SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., Dec. 2.

## SWATOW.

Haining, Douglas, Nov. 1.  
Foonching, Jardine's, Nov. 3.  
Hellas, Thoresen, Nov. 3.  
Kwangchow, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Soochow, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Haining, Douglas, Nov. 5.  
Shantung, B. & S., Nov. 5.  
Waishing, Jardine's, Nov. 6.  
Teau, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Haiching, Douglas, Nov. 8.  
Anhui, B. & S., Nov. 10.  
Helios, Thoresen, Nov. 10.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.  
Kaying, B. & S., Nov. 10.  
Tjileboet, J.C.J.L., Nov. 11.  
Hansang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.  
Hirundo, Thoresen, Nov. 17.  
Hiram, Thoresen, Nov. 24.

## TIENTSIN.

Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 1.  
Lahn, Melchers, Nov. 3.  
Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Chiphing, Jardine's, Nov. 15.  
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 28.  
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

## TRIESTE AND VENICE.

Rosandra, Dwell's, Nov. 2.  
Romolo, Dwell's, Nov. 30.

## TSINGTAO.

Foonching, Jardine's, Nov. 3.  
Lahn, Melchers, Nov. 3.  
Soochow, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Shantung, B. & S., Nov. 3.  
Waishing, Jardine's, Nov. 6.  
Hopsang, Jardine's, Nov. 10.  
Hansang, Jardine's, Nov. 13.  
Koenigsberg, Melchers, Nov. 24.  
Isar, Melchers, Nov. 30.

## VANCOUVER, B.C.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Oct. 31.  
Carlier, Bank, Nov. 5.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 17.  
Tyndareus, B.F., Nov. 23.  
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.

## VICTORIA, B.C.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Oct. 31.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Nov. 4.  
President Jackson, A.M.L., Nov. 12.  
Emp. of Canada, C.P.S., Nov. 17.  
Tyndareus, B.F., Nov. 23.  
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., Nov. 23.  
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Nov. 27.

## VLADIVOSTOK.

Glenbank, Jardine's, Nov. 8.  
Canton, Gilman's, Nov. 19.  
Radnorshire, Jardine's, Nov. 23.

## WEIHAIWEI.

Cheongshing, Jardine's, Nov. 1.  
Huichow, B. & S., Nov. 7.  
Chiphing, Jardine's, Nov. 15.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Nov. 23.

## EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS. CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

Akita Maru due from Singapore Nov. 10.

Alipore due from Europe Nov. 11.  
Ammon due from Europe Nov. 20.

Amur Maru due from Shanghai Nov. 5.

Anchises due from Europe Dec. 5.  
Anchises due from Straits Oct. 31.

Andre Lebon due from Shanghai Nov. 5.

Angers due from Europe Dec. 17.  
Annam due from Europe Dec. 15.

Antioch due from Europe Nov. 29.

Anyo Maru due from Singapore Dec. 2.



# CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG, PAKHOI & HAIKONG	"CHEKIANG"	On 31st Oct.	10 a.m.
SHANGHAI	"CHENGTO"	On 31st Oct.	5 p.m.
NINGPO & SHANGHAI	"NINGPO"	On 1st Nov.	3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"LUOCHOW"	On 2nd Nov.	3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 3rd Nov.	8 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANTUNG"	On 3rd Nov.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHOW"	On 3rd Nov.	10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SHANTUNG"	On 5th Nov.	8 a.m.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KWANTUNG"	On 5th Nov.	10 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI, NINGPO, & DALY	"LINAN"	On 6th Nov.	5 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 7th Nov.	8 a.m.
WUHAIR, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 7th Nov.	10 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANRUI"	On 10th Nov.	8 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KANGING"	On 10th Nov.	10 a.m.
WUHAIR, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHO"	On 26th Nov.	10 a.m.

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STEAMER	DEPARTS HONG KONG	DEPARTS SYDNEY
TAIPING	8th November	15th November
CHANGTE	17th December	17th December
TAIPING	7th January, 1930	14th January, 1930
CHANGTE	11th February	18th February

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AND OTHER SCANDINAVIAN & BALTIC PORTS.

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M.S. "Danmark"	25th Nov.	4th Jan.
M.S. "Annam"	18th Dec.	25th Jan.
M.S. "Java"	3rd Jan.	12th Feb.

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[19]



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ANDRE LEBON ... 5th Nov.	CHENONCEAUX ... 5th Nov.
PORTHOS ... 19th Nov.	ATHOS II ... 19th Nov.
CHENONCEAUX ... 3rd Dec.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 3rd Dec.
ATHOS II ... 17th Dec.	ANGERS ... 17th Dec.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 31st Dec.	SPRING ... 31st Dec.
ANGERS ... 14th Jan.	G. METZINGER ... 14th Jan.
SPRING ... 28th Jan.	ANDRE LEBON ... 28th Jan.
G. METZINGER ... 11th Feb.	PORTHOS ... 11th Feb.

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## ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

STATION	OCTOBER 29, 1929.										OCTOBER 30, 1929.									
	Time	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Force	Direction	Clouds	Humidity	State of Sky	Remarks	Time	Barometer	Thermometer	Wind	Force	Direction	Clouds	Humidity	State of Sky	Remarks
Wladivostok	12	30.13	76.3	64	...	SSE	3	b	6	30.29	76.7	44	...	S	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nemuro	11	30.28	76.0	...	...	SW	1	...	5	30.19	76.6	...	...	S	1	...	...	...	...	...
Hokodate	...	30.28	76.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	30.26	76.5	...	...	NNE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Tokyo	...	30.29	75.7	...	...	NNW	2	...	...	30.26	76.5	...	...	N	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kochi	...	30.18	76.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.30	76.5	...	...	SW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki	...	30.20	76.0	...	...	NE	0	...	...	30.22	76.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kapshima	...	30.16	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.20	76.7	...	...	NW	1	...	...	...	...	...
Oshima	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	NNE	1	...	...	30.12	76.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Naha	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	NNE	1	...	...	30.08	76.4	...	...	NNE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Ihigakijima	...	30.10	76.4	...	...	ENE	0	...	...	30.08	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bonin Island	...	30.04	76.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.08	76.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chefoo	13	30.20	76.7	67	69	SSW	2	b	6	30.23	76.7	66	94	SE	4	b	...	...	...	...
Shanghai	14	30.24	76.1	68	66	ENE	2	b	...	30.21	76.7	69	93	ENE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Outcliff	...	30.07	76.8	75	64	E	4	b	...	30.10	76.5	68	74	N	1	...	...	...	...	...
Sharp Peak	...	30.05	76.8	81	58	ENE	4	b	6	30.09	76.4	68	85	WSW	4	b	...	...	...	...
Swatow	...	30.08	76.4	72	82	E	4	b	...	30.13	76.5	62	100	N	1	...	...	...	...	...
Taichow	11	30.18	76.5	78	67	ENE	4	b	...	30.06	76.3	70	88	E	4	b	...	...	...	...
Taipei	...	30.08	76.4	81	...	...	...	...	...	30.06	76.5	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tainan	...	30.08	76.3	84	...	WSW	2	b	...	30.02	76.6	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koshu	...	30.05	76.2	81	...	NE	4	b	...	30.02	76.6	72	...	NNE	2	b	...	...	...	...
Pescadore	...	30.08	76.4	77	...	NNE	6	b	...	30.04	76.9	72	...	NNE	4	b	...	...	...	...
Hong Kong	14	30.03	76.2	74	67	E	4	b	6	30.07	76.8	71	73	ENE	4	b	...	...	...	...
Gap Rock	...	30.03	76.2	...	...	ENE	5	c	...	30.07	76.8	...	...	ENE	4	c	...	...	...	...
Macao	...	30.01	76.2	79	61	SE	4	b	...	30.04	76.9	72	76	SE	4	c	...	...	...	...
Hoiboh	...	30.00	76.0	78	72	NE	5	b	...	30.01	76.2	75	82	NE	5	c	...	...	...	...
Pratas Island	...	29.97	76.1	82	63	SE	6	b	7	30.04	76.9	70	91	NE	4	b	...	...	...	...
Phulien	15	29.97	75.8	78	...	E	4	b	...	29.91	75.9	73	...	E	4	b	...	...	...	...
Tourane	...	29.80	75.9	81	...	FNE	7	b	...	29.85	76.1	73	...	NE	4	b	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	14	29.93	76.0	77	68	NE	4	b	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basco	...	29.89	75.9	81	73	NE	4	b	...	29.87	75.8	77	91	NE	6	r	...	...	...	...
Apurri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tuguegarao	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vigan	...	29.76	75.6	86	56	NW	4	b	...	29.82	75.7	75	71	NNW	2	...	...	...	...	...
Manila	...	29.79	75.6	86	61	NE	4	b	...	29.84	75.8	75	92	ENE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Legaspi	...	29.76	75.6	81	92	NE	4	b	...	29.82	75.7	73	98	N	0	b	...	...	...	...
Calbayog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.84	75.8	72	98	N	2	b	...	...	...	...
Tacloban	...	29.76	75.6	...	...	E	2	...	...	29.85	75.9	75	92	NNW	1	b	...	...	...	...
Iloilo	...	29.72	75.4	86	71	N	4	b	...	29.82	75.6	77	92	NE	4	b	...	...	...	...
Cebu	...	29.72	75.4	86	59	NE	4	b	...	29.82	75.5	70	85	N	1	b	...	...	...	...
Surigao	...	29.74	75.4	82	84	N	2	...	...	29.82	75.5	77	96	SE	1	...	...	...	...	...
Saipan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.87	75.7	79	...	E	3	c	...	...	...	...
Guam	12.22	29.81	75.7	...	...	NE	4	b	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yap	11.00	29.79	75.6	...	...	ENE	4	b	5	29.85	75.8	...	...	ENE	2	...	...	...	...	...
Pelew	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	75.8	78	...	SE	1	b	...	...	...	...
Ponape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	75.8	80	...	S	1	c	...	...	...	...
Labuan	14	29.77	75.6	90	84	NE	4	b	6	29.84	75.9	80	91	NE	6	b	...	...	...	...

October 30d. 10A. 25m.—The anticyclone has moved eastward, and pressure is highest over the Sea of Japan. Moderate monsoon will prevail along the south east coast of China, and over the N. China Sea. Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1, 68.03 inches, against an average of 80.48 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON OCTOBER 31.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamochs
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Baiman

N.E. winds, fresh; fair.

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

## HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, October 30

	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	30.00	30.10	29.93
Temperature	74	78	76
Humidity	67	65	64
Wind	...	...	...
Direction	E	ENE	E
Force	3	3	4
Weather	B	B	B
Rain	0.00	0.00	0.00

Highest open-air Temperature, 79.74

Lowest open-air Temperature, 20.71

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

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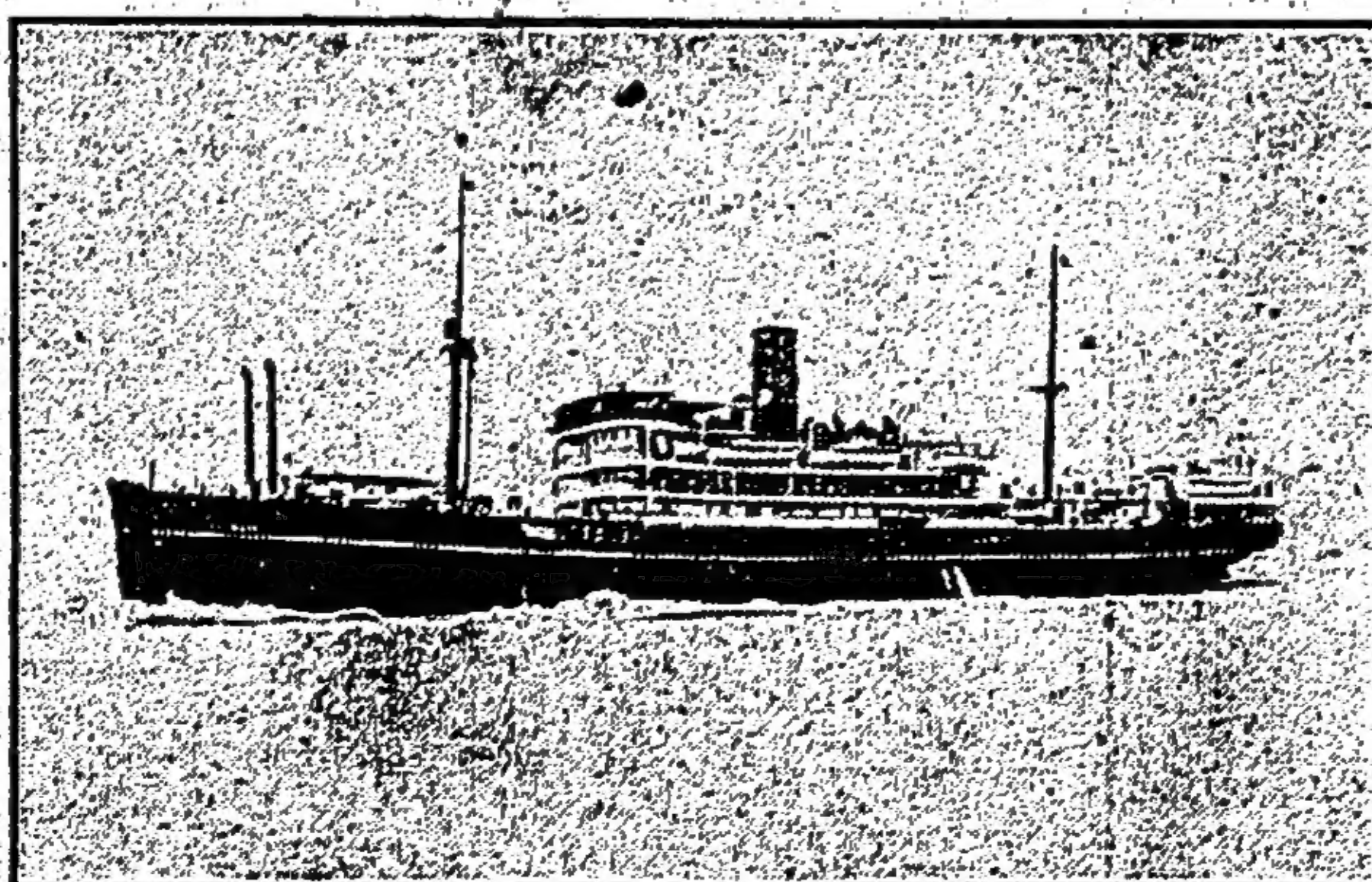
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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"FOOSHING" "WAISHING" "HOPANG" "HANGSANG"	Sun., 3rd Nov., at 7 a.m. Wed., 6th Nov., at 7 a.m. Sun., 10th Nov., at 7 a.m. Wed., 13th Nov., at 7 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"HOSANG" "NAMSANG" "YUENSANG"	Satur., 9th Nov., at 7 a.m. Wed., 27th Nov., at 7 a.m. Tues., 3







